Milkmaid BRAND **Milk**
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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,467—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1898.

VISITORS TO THE OLD COUNTRY.
BAILEY'S HOTEL
(UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE)
CONTAINS OVER 350 APARTMENTS, FURNISHED WITH ALL MODERN LUXURY. TWO MINUTES FROM THE PARK, KENSINGTON GARDENS, IMPERIAL INSTITUTE, AND IN THE MIDST OF THE FASHIONABLE QUARTER.
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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
M.I. CALEDONIA	7598	R. H. Gordon	19th Nov.
* CARTHAGE	5198	C. Gadd	26th "
M.I. EGYPT	7912	R. F. Briscoe	3rd Dec.
* CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	10th "
M.I. PENINSULAR	7987	W. Wheler	17th "
* SHANNON	4362	F. Cole	24th "
M.I. CARTHAGE	5198	C. Gadd	31st "
			1899.
* LYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	7th Jan.
M.I. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	14th "
* SHANNON	4362	F. Cole	21st "
M.I. CALEDONIA	7598	R. H. Gordon	28th "
* CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	4th Feb.
M.I. SHANNON	4362	F. Cole	11th "
M.I. EGYPT	7912		18th "
M.I. PENINSULAR	7987	W. Wheler	25th "
* CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	4th Mar.
M.I. EGYPT	7912	G. Lenghorne	11th "
* CARTHAGE	5198	C. Gadd	18th "
M.I. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	25th "
* CALEDONIA	7598	R. H. Gordon	1st April
M.I. CARTHAGE	5198	C. Gadd	8th "
* CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	15th "
M.I. CALEDONIA	7598	R. H. Gordon	22nd "
* SHANNON	4362	F. Cole	29th "
M.I. PENINSULAR	7987	W. Wheler	6th May.
* CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	13th "
M.I. EGYPT	7912	G. Lenghorne	20th "
* SHANNON	4362	F. Cole	27th "

The steamers marked M.I. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London. Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The Steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the Ballard Pier before 9 A.M. on the day of sailing.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier at noon on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place by 11-30 a.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports on route.

For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 15th November, 1898.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on
AMPHITRITE	G. Costanzo	3,824	1st Dec. 1898.
IMPERATRIX	T. Ruscovich	4,212	1st Jan. 1899.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, or VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 8th of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on or about
MORAVIA	E. Meccesi	3,503	12th Dec. 1898.
MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	G. Wallusching	4,766	12th Jan. 1899.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 20th of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 900	Rs. 675
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 825

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.

In connection with the Steamers' Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Town of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE "MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO."

THE Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares. This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on 3 months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA, KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To Sail on or about
WINDOBONA	C. Bellon	4,331	28th Nov.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. BACHRACH,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Nov. 18, 1898.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT
VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Tuesday, 12 noon.
SYDNEY	4,422	Ambert	22nd Nov. 1898
OCEANIEN	4,219	Schmitz	20th Dec. 1898
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	deMaubeuge	17th Jan. 1899
INDUS	6,000	Vaquier	14th Feb. 1899
TONKIN	6,000	X.	14th Mar. 1899
CALEDONIEN	4,422	Durrande	11th Apr. 1899

Passengers are requested to ATTEND at the BALLARD PIER for the MEDICAL EXAMINATION at 10 A.M. All Baggage, properly Addressed and Labelled, should be sent to the Steamer in the Stream the day before, or early on the morning of the day of Sailing.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on or about the
LASS	6,000	Flandin	15th Dec.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

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Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.

THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

REDUCED RATES to Railway employés, Family Parties and Missionaries.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the world to India.

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DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.

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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 25th November, 1898, at 2 p. m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KURRACHEE AND COAST PORTS.

S.S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 22nd November, at 10 a. m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Forebunder and Cutch Mandvie. (Weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, at 10 a. m., on the 24th November, calling at Kurrachee, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Basrah, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR AND LAMOO.

S.S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on or about 2nd December, 1898.

FOR SEYCHELLES AND DELAGOA BAY.

S.S. "RAJPOOTANA," 2,030 tons, on or about 3rd December, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Delagoa Bay, Beira, and Mozambique in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KARACHI, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S.S. "NEVASA," 2,998 tons, on or about 25th November.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about 24th November.

FOR COCHIN AND RANGOON.

S.S. "CHINDWARA," 2,011 tons, on or about 25th November.

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOLD FIELDS.

PASSENGERS and Cargo booked through from Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, or Hong Kong via Singapore for all ports adjacent to the various Gold Fields. Fortnightly departures from Singapore.

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Bombay, 18th November, 1898.

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BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

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GRINDLAY & Co.,
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PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.

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LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S. W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
PORT SAID—8, Quai Francois Joseph.

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WANTED, for a Cotton Mill near Calcutta, a thoroughly practical qualified ASSISTANT, to take charge of a branch Mill of 30,000 Ring Spindles under General Manager.

Apply "X Y Z" care of this paper.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.

"24, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.

"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.

"Ronth Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 26, 1893

"I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation of Cough Lozenges, and I have prescribed it now for the last eight years in my hospitals and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis; your Lozenge is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary Irritation.—Yours truly,

"A. GABRIEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. and L.M. Edinburgh
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USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
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"IT IS NEARLY 80 YEARS AGO" since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled in the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis; one alone gives relief.

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
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Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

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H R H Princess Victoria
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H M The King of Greece
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H. M. THE QUEEN-EMPRESS

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Glenlivet, Glenlivet × × ×, A I Club
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THE FUNDS

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Spectacles and Folders as above but fitted with Marcks and Co.'s Pebbles, Rs. 5 reduction on Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 reduction on steel. The new Gold and Steel "Movilette" Frames, fitted with Menist's or Marcks' Pebbles, prices as above.

All the newest patterns in Frames always in stock.

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AS ENUMERATED BELOW, AND TO SOLICIT THE FAVOUR OF A VISIT TO THEIR

SHOWROOMS IN BOMBAY,

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WINES. BEERS. SPIRITS. LIQUEURS. STORES. TOBACCO. CIGARS. HARDWARE. CUTLERY. GLASS. CHINA. TIFFIN BASKETS.	HATS. HELMETS. TRUNKS. PORTMANTEAUX. SADDLERY. GAMES. GYMKHANA. AMMUNITION. GUNS. RIFLES. REVOLVERS.	JEWELLERY. ELECTROPLATE. FANCY GOODS AND MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES FOR PRESENTATION. DRESSING BAGS. LEATHER GOODS.
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At age 35,	Rs. 10-13-0
At age 40,	Rs. 13-12-0
At age 45,	Rs. 18-10-0

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* The Empire of India is the only Company that offers these guarantees of Security.

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"PREMIER" HELICAL BICYCLES.
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THE HELICAL TUBING is twice the strength (weight for weight) of any Tubing used in the manufacture of Bicycles.

		Cash. Rs.	Credit. Rs.
"PREMIER" Popular Helical Roadster		270	300
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I.—The competition is open to all Boys and Girls attending School, whose names have been on any School roll from June, 1898.

II.—There will be one prize for Boys and one for Girls.

III.—The names of intending Competitors must be sent in through the Principals of their Schools, so as to reach the Undersigned by SATURDAY, 26th instant.

IV.—Competitors must be in attendance at Money School, at 2.45 P.M., on MONDAY, 28th instant. Paper and ink will be provided.

V.—The Essays will be examined by a Committee appointed by the Teachers' Association of Bombay. The result of the Competition will be published and the Prizes awarded in the middle of December.

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Teachers' Association, Bombay.

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NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held at the Company's Mill Premises, near Elphinstone Bridge, Mandvi on SATURDAY, the 26th November, 1898, at 4 p. m., for transacting the following business :—

1st. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the audited Statement of Accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1898.

2nd. To confirm the appointment of an additional Director made by the Board.

3rd. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.

4th. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Shantaram Bhikoba Dewoolkar in place of Mr. Sitaram Vishnoo Prabhoo as an Auditor made by the Board.

5th. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 24th November, to THURSDAY, the 15th December, 1898, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

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NOTICES.

WE have THIS DAY ADMITTED Mr. HASSAMBHAI RAHIMTOOLA KHAIRAZ, a PARTNER in our Firm.

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14th November, 1898.

PRINCIPAL FAIRBAIRN'S LECTURES.

THE FIRST of a Course of Haskell Lectures on RELIGIONS and the PHILOSOPHY of RELIGION, by the Rev. Dr. FAIRBAIRN, Principal of Mansfield College, Oxford, will be delivered in the HALL of WILSON COLLEGE, Chowpatty, on MONDAY, 21st inst., at 6 P.M.

SUBJECT :—The INTERPRETATION of NATURE and the CREATIVE IDEAS of RELIGION.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the *FIFTH* SESSIONS of 1898 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on MONDAY the TWENTY-FIRST day of November, 1898, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences, had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto, and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions had, done, or committed by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place above mentioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 28th day of October, 1898.

ADAMJEE PEERBHOY,
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PROFESSOR GUSTAV SCHLEGEL, in Toung Pao, 1898 :—"The work, which is the individual result of many years of research, abounds in ingenious and learned observations; a large body of material and many bibliographical references are brought together which any student of mythology will peruse with profit. . . . Irrespective of theory, the value of which will be generally allowed to the ingenious work of Mr. O'Neill consists especially in the suggestive material brought together, which will assist the investigator in all branches of mythology." —*Journal of American Folk Lore.*

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Sun rises, 6h. 10m. Sun sets, 5h. 21m. High water 2-54m., 3-0s. Low water, 9-7m., 8-40s.
Royal Yacht Club's Races.
B. V. R. and B. V. A. parades.
Departure of the R. I. M. S. Dalhousie.
B. V. A. Cycling Club, Cinderella Dance.
Anjuman-e-Eimi-e-Farsi, 5-30, New High School, Fort.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 6h. 10m. Sun sets, 5h. 21m. High water, 3-49m., 4-15s. Low water, 10-30m., 9-58s.
Departure of H. E. the Governor on tour, Grant Road station, 9-5 p.m., Bombay time.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamers Savitri and Brahmani entered the dock on Thursday and the Portuguese Gun Boat Bengo yesterday. The steamers Nasseri, Unison and Brounfels left yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Egypt entered and the steamers Dwarka and Caledonia left the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Aden, Egypt, and Europe, *viâ* Marseilles, per s.s. Sydney, will be closed at the General Post office, at 10 a.m., on Tuesday, the 22nd inst.

A CHILD ENTICED AWAY AND ROBBED.—Narayen Nathoo, residing at Stone Bunder, has reported to the police, that on the 15th instant, his little child about five years of age was enticed away to Colaba, and robbed of ornaments worth Rs. 26. 1

THEOSOPHICAL LECTURE.—A public lecture will be delivered by Mr. Jamshedji Edaraji in English at the Blavatsky Lodge, Theosophical Society, Bombay Branch, 37, Hornby Road, Fort, to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 p.m. subject :—" Scientific corroborations of Theosophy or Madame Blavatsky's greatest and monumental work "The Secret Doctrine",vindicated."

MR. R. P. KARKARIA.—Mr. R. P. Karkaria has been elected a Fellow of the Royal Historical Society. Mr. Karkaria was nominated by the Right Hon'ble Prof. Max Muller and the Right Hon'ble Prof. Lecky the ,distinguished Historian. The Royal Historical Society is incorporated by Royal Charter having the Queen for its patron and is the Leading Society for historical research. We congratulate Mr. Karkaria on this honour done to him by this learned body for his historical scholarship.

B. E. S. BOY'S SCHOOL, BYCULLA.—The friends and old pupils of this School will be pleased to hear that the three Senior Government Scholarships, allotted to the European Schools in Bombay, have again been awarded to boys from this School. Also at the recent competitive Examination for the Subordinate Military Medical Studentships, for which there were about 70 candidates from all parts of the Presidency and even from Madras, the first place on the list was gained by Charles Murray from this School.

THE ALLEGED MURDER AT WADALA.—Superintendent Lee Smith at the Mazagon Police Court yesterday, before Mr. S. B. Spencer, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, brought up on remand and again charged three Native-Christians named Mathew Dominick Coras, aged twenty, Phillip Pascoal Fernandes, aged sixteen, and Manoel John De Souza, aged twelve, with murder of Minguel Fernandes, a Native-Christian ad aged seven, by pushing him into the compound of the garden of Chimulaji Maharaj at Wadala on the 12th instant. Mr. Nicholson Public Prosecutor, conducted the case for the prosecution. After some evidence was recorded the Magistrate Commited the accused to take their trial as the next Criminal Sessions of the High Court.

ASSAULTING A EURASIAN WOMAN.—Before Mr. W. Webb, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Jehangir Cawasji, a Parsee, and A. F. Fonseca, a bailiff in the Small Causes Court, appeared to answer a charge of assault preferred against them by one Taralia M. Brady, a Eurasian woman residing at Elphinstone Road. Mr. Godinho, pleader, appeared to prosecute ; while Mr. De Souza, pleader, defended the accused. It appeared from the evidence of the complainant that the second accused, who is a bailiff in the Small Causes Court, went to her father's house at Elphinstone Road on the 26th September last, to execute a writ of attachment. He was accompanied by the first and three other Parsees. As the complainant's parents had gone out they asked the bailiff to wait for a few minutes. Subsequently while she was standing near the door both the accused went up to her, and having seized her by her hands, threw her violently against the iron-frame of a bed-stead. On her crying out for help her ayah and her brother-in-law came to her rescue and released her from them. The accused denied the charge and called several witnesses to prove their innocence. His worship on the evidence, held the charge clearly proved against the first accused. As to the second accused, the Magistrate remarked, that he appeared to be under the impression that he was preventing resistance on the part of the complainant. The first accused was fined Rs. 50 with an alternative of a month's imprisonment with hard labour. The second accused was given the benefit of the doubt and discharged.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday, give the following result :—

WARDS.		No. of Attacks.	No. of Deaths from Bubonic Plague.	Total Deaths from all Causes.
A	Upper Colaba	0	0	3
	Mid. & Lower Colaba	2	0	
	Fort, Southern	0	0	
	Fort, Northern	0	0	
	Esplanade	0	0	
B	Mandvie	0	0	15
	Choonla	0	0	
	Umarkhady	0	0	
	Dongri	0	0	
C	Market	0	0	19
	Dhobi Talao	1	0	
	Fanaswady	0	0	
	Bhuleshwar	0	0	
	Khara Talao	0	1	
	Kumbharwada	0	0	
D	Khotwadi	0	0	11
	Girgaum	0	0	
	Chowpatty	0	0	
	Walkeshwar	0	0	
	Mahaluxmi	0	0	
E	Mazagon	0	0	21
	Tarwady	0	0	
	Second Nagpada	0	0	
	Kamathipura	0	0	
	Tardeo	0	1	
	Byculla	0	0	
	First Nagpada	0	0	
F	Parel	2	0	3
	Sewree	0	0	
	Sion	0	0	
G	Mahim	0	0	4
	Worlee	2	0	
	Water Division	0	0	0
	N.-E. & Unknown	0	0	
	HOSPITALS.			
	Khoja		1	4
	Total	7	3	80
Total plague deaths to date		31,990	28,150	
Same date last year		15	7	109

CHOLERA.

Attack	1
Death	0

A public meeting of Marwaris is to be held to-night at 8 p.m., at Adeshwar dharamsala Pydhoni, to send memorials to the Jodhpur and Sirdhi Plague authorities as well as Government, in connection with the existing quarantine of 10 days there.

THE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTION A D THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY,

AT the High Court yesterday, an application was made to Sir Louis Kershaw, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton, sitting in the Appeal Court, in connection with the Collegiate Institution, and in the matter of Darashah B. Coolabawalla and another student.

MR. MACPHERSON, instructed by Messrs. Thakordas, Dharamsi, Cama and Hormusjee, on behalf of the petitioners, moved that their petition which has been fixed for hearing on Wednesday next be heard before a Bench consisting of the Chief Justice and another Judge of the court. In support of his application, Mr. Macpherson read an affidavit from Mr. Muston, R. Cama, a member of the firm of solicitors for the petitioners. Mr. Cama in his affidavit stated that this was an application under section 45 of Act I of 1877 against the University of Bombay to show cause why the two petitioners should not be admitted by the University for its Previous Examination held this year and be duly examined and for further relief, to which examination they were refused admission by the Syndicate. That the petitioner by consent and with out prejudice, had been allowed to appear at the Examination pending the result of this application. By rule 257 of the High Court Rules, the application should be heard by one of the Judges on the Original Side. The Hon. Mr. Justice Candy, who sat on the Original Side, was the Vice-Chancellor of the University, and as such, the chairman of the Syndicate, who formed the executive body of the University. The Hon. Mr. Justice Tyabji, who also sat on the Original Side was a member of the Syndicate. The Hon. Mr. Justice Strachey, who also sat on the Original Side, was a member of the Syndicate for 1896-97 and prior thereto. The Hon. Mr. Justice Ranade was a member of the Syndicate. The Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton was a member of the Senate, which was a deliberative, and administrative body of the University. The Hon. Mr. Justice Parsons was also a member of the Senate, but had as far as he (Mr. Cama) was informed and believed, taken no interest in University matters in general, and the matters at issue in particular. Under the circumstances, it was respectfully submitted that the matter should be heard before his lordship, the Chief Justice and another judge, from whom no appeal could lie. The petitioners' attorneys did write to the attorneys for the University for their consent to the matter being heard before the Chief Justice and another judge, but they consented only to the matter being heard before the Hon'ble the Cheif Justice alone, which left room for appeal, and in case of appeal, the same difficulty which the University now raised would be encountered. The difficulty would then be greater of obtaining a Bench of both disinterested judges. Under some misunderstanding an application was made on the 16th instant before their lordships the Chief Justice, and Justice Fulton, but the matter being heard before the Chief Justice alone, as would appear from the correspondence between the parties.

Mr. Macpherson, in support of his application, said, that with the exception of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Parsons, and two of the other Judges were members of the syndicate, and as such had initiated the action called into question, or as members of the senate had taken an active part in the consideration of the question before the body. If the matter was heard in this instance before the Chief Justice, then there would be a difficulty in constituting an Appeal Court. It was desirable therefore that two judges should hear the matter, one of whom should be the Chief Justice, and the other might be Mr. Justice Parsons, who was only a member of the Senate, and thus avoid the difficulty of constituting an appellate Bench.

Mr. Scott, who was instructed by Messrs. Cragie, Lynch and Owen, on behalf of the University, said that the matter might be heard as any other similar application would be dealt with in the ordinary course.

The Chief Justice said that two judges sitting in the appeal court would be the proper tribunal to hear the case, and his lordship decided that the matter would be heard on Wednesday next by himself and another judge.

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice B. Tyabji presides at the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the High Court, which commences on Monday morning. There are for trial seven cases implicating twenty-four prisoners, nineteen of whom are Hindus, three Portuguese, one Mahomedan, and one a Parsee. One of these has been committed by Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, one by Mr. P. H. Dastur, four by Mr. S. B. Spencer, and one by the Coroner. There are two cases of murder, one of counterfeiting the Queen's coins, one of forgery and abetment of forgery, and three of theft. The following is a summary of the calendar :—

1. Balia Gunpat, *alias* Mahadu Gunpat, and Balia Bhadu, committed by Mr. E. Wilkin, on the 17th September last, for theft in a building used as a human dwelling.

2. Shivram Babajee, *alias* Wasudeo Waman, *alias* Venkatesh Waman, *alias* Vishram Babajee, committed by Mr. S. B. Spencer, on the 5th October last, for theft in a building used as a human dwelling.

3. Shamjee Damjee, *alias* Magunlal Chhaganlal, *alias* Ponat Shamjee, and Ramlal Chhganlal, *alias* Ramjee Khimjee, *alias* Ramdas Lillabhai, committed by Mr. S. B. Spencer, on the 13th October last, for theft and dishonestly receiving stolen property knowing it to be stolen, respectively.

4. Shaik Ahmed Shaik Dawood, committed by Mr. S. B. Spencer, on the 9th instant, for murder.

5. Chunilal Ratanal, Naranjee Muljee, and Permanand Lilladhar, committed by Mr. P. H. Dastur on the 18th October last, for abetment of forgery and forgery of valuable securities, and using as genuine forged documents.

6. Valjee Harsoo, Jewa Ganga, Dossabhoy Rustomjee Choksey, Bhooramull Santlal, Purbhoo Dayal, Lakha Vishram, Jugul Keshore, Sadi Ram, Haridas Thakoredas, Javalanath Ratanchand, Moonalal Gopinath, and Mathoo Bhowan, committed by Mr. J. Sanders-Slater on the 12th inst., for counterfeiting the Queen's coins known as Farrukhabad and Moorshedabad rupees ; possessing instruments or material for the purpose of counterfeiting ; and abetment of the offence of counterfeiting the Queen's coins.

7. Mathew Dominick Coras, Phillip Pascoal Fernandes, and Manuel John De Souza, committed by the Coroner, for the murder of Minguel Fernandes de Silva, committed at Vadala village.

THE FLYING JORDANS.

THE announcement of the first appearance in Bombay of no less a distinguished array of artistes, than the far-famed Flying Jordans will doubtless create more than passing interest. For many years past a visit has been diligently solicited as a centre for theatrical displays, and we trust that the undoubted enterprise on the part of the Jordan management will be rewarded here as elsewhere, with packed and crowded audiences. The meagre combination consists of no less than 16 artistes, and of the performance, a Ceylon contemporary says:—"The Flying Jordans, who created quite a furore even before their appearance in public, made their debut last night at their marquee in the Racquet Court before a crowded house. The ring was very suitable as a centre and late-comers for the front seats found it a difficult task to find a seat, and extra chairs had to be requisitioned, while the people in the gallery were simply packed like herrings. The performance went with a swing from start to finish, and the programme of feats though lasting two hours was much appreciated. Everything done was at its best, and the company has, no doubt, selected the cream of actors in every line for their fascinating display." The curtain rises at 8 o'clock to all classes of the community and will doubtless be duly appreciated. The box-plan will be on view at Messrs. Soundy and Company on Monday morning.

FLORILINE !—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid "Florilline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents decay, stops decay, gives the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florilline," being composed of parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d. of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

PUBLIC COMPANIES' MEETINGS.

THE HINDUSTAN SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS, COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE twenty-fifth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Company was held yesterday afternoon, at its registered office, Hummum Street, Fort, Mr. Govindji Thakersey Muljl in the chair.

The following report of the directors with the audited accounts, for the year ended on June 30, 1898, was laid before the meeting for its adoption.

Your directors as usual beg to lay before you their twenty-fifth annual report with the audited accounts for the year ended 30th June 1898. From the balance sheet and statement of profits and loss you will find that your company has made a net profit of Rs. 35,022-12-8 including the last year's balance of Rs. 47-8-3. Out of this, your directors purpose to declare a dividend of Rs. 25 per whole and Rs. 6 1-4 per quarter share for the year ended 30th June 1898 which will absorb Rs. 30,000-0-0 and to carry forward to the next year's account Rs. 5,022-12-8. Total Rs. 35,022-12-8. This year, as in the past, there was again a great scarcity of workmen for the greater part of the year owing to the recrudescence of plague ; consequently a portion of the machinery was left idle. Your directors deemed it advisable to replace the three engines now driving your mills by one engine of 1,200 H. P. consequently they bought over the Engine of the late Gordon Mills. The same has been erected at your Mills and is now in working order. This arrangement, your directors hope, will result in a considerable saving in the consumption of fuel and in working charges. Taking advantage of the scarcity of labour your branch mill was entirely stopped from the 19th of April last and its machinery was shifted to the head mill where spinning machinery was conveniently arranged without any addition made to the building. The looms-shed has also ever had to be sligtly extended. The necessary alterations in shafting and gearing is now on hand and in a short time your directors hope to work your whole mill with this engine. Your directors have to record with sincere regret the sad death of one of their esteemed colleagues Mr. Gordhandas Cursondas. In him your directors have lost a valuable member. They have appointed Mr. Chatoorbhooj Khimjee in his place which appointment requires your confirmation. Messrs. Ramjee Lakhmidas and Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey retire by rotation but they are eligible for re-election. The property of your mill is insured against risk by fire for Rs. 15,02,000 and Cotton-yarn, cloth, stores &c. for Rs. 5,03,000 aggregating Rs. 20,05000.

The meeting having adopted the directors' report agreed to a dividend of Rs. 25 per whole and Rs. 6 1-4 per quarter share, confirmed the appointment of Mr. Chatoorbhoj Khimji as a director, re-elected Messrs. Ramji Lakhmidas and Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey as directors ; and having appointed Messrs. Framji Temuji and Govindji Madhavji as auditors for the ensuing year, at a remuneration of Rs. 200 each, dispersed with a vote of thanks to the chair.

THE WESTERN INDIA SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING Co. Ld.

The eighteenth annual generalmeeting of the shareholders of the company, was held yesterday after noon, at the company's registered office, Hummum Street, Fort, Mr. Bomanjee, Dinshaw Petit in the chair.

The following report of the directors with the balance sheet for the year ended on June 30, 1898, was laid before the meeting for its adoption.

Your directors beg to lay before you their eighteenth annual report of the working of your company's mill for the year ending 30th June 1898, together with balance-sheet and profit and loss statement for the same period, and in doing so, they regret to meet you with a loss of Rupees 61,144-5-10 for the period under review. Want of skilled workmen owing to plague, and the extreme dull state of yarn and piece-goods markets, as well as yarn being left unsold, were the principal causes, your directors regret to state, of the loss made by your company, and your directors are glad to state that the Agents have given up the whole of their commission, which they have accepted with thanks. Your directors beg to inform you that the boundwall of your mill, which was closed in May 1896 owing to the piece-goods market being dull, has restarted work from December of last year. Your directors take this opportunity to record their sincere regret at the very sad death of one of their colleagues, the late Mr. Gordhandas Cursondas in whom the board has lost a hard-working and energetic member. Messrs. Vithaldas Damodher Thackersey and Kersondas Hurgovan retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election. Your company's property including buildings, machinery, shafting gearing and goods under process is insured for Rs. 14,39,550, and cotton, yarn, piece goods, stores &c, for Rs. 6,90,000.

One of the shareholders advised the Agents not to put much reliance in the rates from China. The Reports and balance sheets were ultimately passed unanimously, the meeting then passed a vote of thanks to the agents of the company for having given up the whole of their Commission, amounting to Rs. 21,000, re-elected Messrs. Vithaldas Damodar Thakersey and Kersondas Hurgovan as directors ; appointed Messrs. Framji Temuji and Sundardas Narandas as auditor of the Company, for the ensuing year at a remuneration of Rs. 200 each ; and dispersed with a vote of thanks to the chair.

SIR JOHN LUBBOCK ON INDIAN CURRENCY.

SIR John Lubbock, M. P., delivered on Oct. 29 the inaugural address to the newly established Institute of Bankers, taking for his subject the question of the Indian currency. He said that there was a general idea that the Irish character while pre-eminently bright, was, unfortunately, attractive, was somewhat impulsive when contrasted with English steadiness and Scotch caution. That, however, received no confirmation from their commercial history, and the record of their banking institutions need fear no comparison with those of England, Scotland, or, indeed, of any other country. This was the more creditable as those institutions when they remembered how much Ireland had unfortunately suffered from the potato disease and the serious fall in agricultural prices.

There were many currency problems which might be discussed at the present meeting, but he would confine himself to a consideration of the Indian currency, on which an important committee was then sitting. It seemed to be generally admitted that a gold currency would be unsuitable to Indian requirements, and he agreed with several of the witnesses that they could not have the main currency of one metal and the standard of another. Of course, they might have, as we have here, a subsidiary token currency, but it would not be said to have a gold standard in India unless the Government were prepared to give gold for rupees at a fixed ratio, and this responsibility they had very wisely declined to undertake. They spoke, indeed, of establishing a gold standard ; but since 1893 their power to coin gold would still continue the main circulation of India, taxes would be collected in rupees, accounts would be kept in rupees, contracts would be made in rupees, and rupees would be legal tender to any amount. They would also be the measure of all debts. Government had announced their desire to maintain a fairly fixed exchange of about 1s. 4d., and this, as he had elsewhere suggested, might be termed an "exchange standard." But it was not a gold standard. This was not a question of terms, because and "exchange standard," though in many respects similar to, was in others very different from a "gold standard." A gold standard would be automic, as ours was. An exchange standard required to be watched and regulated by Government—a great responsibility, and one which it was very undesirable that they should undertake. There was a great probability of illicit coinage, and there were indications that for certain purposes the use of bullion was replacing that of coin. It would be a great misfortune to disestablish the Queen's head. The difficulties of the Indian Government were incorrectly described as due to a fall in exchange. They were due to the fall in silver. It was not that they had to pay more in England, but that they received less in India. A stable exchange was nodoubt desirable, but it was still more important to maintain a sound currency and a satisfactory standard. Infernal trade was more important than external, and, though he did not deny the inconvenience of fluctuations in exchange, it must not be overrated. Much, however, as he regretted the closing of the mints, it seemed out of the question simply to re-open them. To do so would be almost a breach of faith. He saw, however, no necessity to melt down rupees or to raise a large loan to hoard it in gold. On the other hand, as the annual importation of silver had been on an average £400,000 a-year, a duty of 6d. an ounce could either bring in £80,000, or to whatever extent it diminished importation would increase the demand for Council bills and raise exchange. He ventured to suggest this as a step towards a sound currency, and if it became possible to reopen the mints it might be supplemented by a seigniorage of 1d. The figures, of course, were only general, but they might then stand as follows :—Intrinsic value of rupee, say 11d., seigniorage 1d., import duties 2½d., and if they took the effect of reopening the mints, say, 1 1-4d., making 15 3-4d., they arrived at a figure which was only slightly below the present value. A duty of, say, 6d and ounce on silver would have three advantages :—(1) It would bring in substantial revenue ; (2) it would tend to increase the demand for Council bills ; (3) it would diminish the difference between the value of coined and uncoined silver in India. The reopening of the Indian mints would, of course, be greatly facilitated if some steps could be taken to arrive at an international understanding. The recent proposals of the French and United States Governments were, no doubt, inadmissible as they stood, but they afforded a basis for discussion, and it was to be regretted that they were only partially discussed by the Indian Government. Considering also the importance of attracting capital to India and developing the resources of the country, he agreed with Lord Rothschild that the policy recently pursued with reference to railways had been a wise one. He ventured to deprecate any heroic and hazardous experiments. It was impossible to foresee what might be the relative values of gold and silver in the future. Gold was not necessarily more stable in value than silver. There had been a great increase in the production and a great fall in the value of silver, but now gold was rapidly increasing it was certainly not impossible that silver might rise. It did not seem out of the range of practical politics that with an important duty and seigniorage the value of silver in relation to gold might be such as would enable the Government of India to reopen the mints and thus secure once more the inestimable benefit of a sound and satisfactory currency. He had dwelt on this question because it was probable the most important one before them at the present moment, but would not enlarge on it because on an occasion like the present a more general view was probably more appropriate. Sir John Lubbock then proceeded to give a brief abstract of the history of coins and currency illustrated by a number of very interesting specimens well shown by photographic lantern slides. He began with the coins of Crossus and of Syria. Subsequently he exhibited one of the tally sticks which were in use in England by Government down to 1823. The specimen shown was a receipt for £24,000 given by the English Government to the East India Company in 1708.

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FRANCE, ENGLAND, AND FASHODA.

MAJOR MARCHAND'S RETURN.

MAJOR MARCHAND and two other Frenchmen, accompanied by Captain Fitton, D.S.O., of the Egyptian Army, arrived in Cairo on Nov. 3. Captain Baratier left Marseilles on Sunday to meet Major Marchand at Cairo. News that the Major had left Fashoda reached London on Friday last, and there is much surmise as to whether he left of his own accord (owing to the unhealthy nature of the place or for other reasons) or whether the French Government had given him instructions to leave. Reproducing a story from the *Liberte* about the appearance of an Abyssinian force on the Upper Nile as the explanation of Major Marchand's sudden departure from Fashoda, the *Times* Paris correspondent says he feels sure that the story is a pure fancy, and ridicules the idea of France's reckoning on an Abyssinian intervention. According to private advices received in Odessa, the Tsar is much distressed by the general nature of the report made to His Majesty by Count Muravieff with regard to the situation in Paris.

It is stated from Paris that the withdrawal of the Major's force has been decided upon, but that the evaquation is limited to Fashoda. Thus there still remains the belief that France desires to reopen the whole Egyptian question anew. The *Eclair* of Oct. 31 said :—

The question of Fashoda is to be settled in accordance with the demands of England by the recall of the French mission. On that point no complication is any longer to be feared, but we know that our territorial power over the valley of the Nile. Whilst it has been an amazement to me I have shared the fear of many should there be war. I have read the despatches, and the English case is the strongest in the world. That of France is alone and equally important in the face of the civilised world. It cannot be that France would be so mad as to go to war unaided and entirely unsupported. If France goes to war she will have no ally, and I take it that what Waterloo and Trafalgar will be repeated, and that France will never rise again as one of the first-class Powers. Lord Salisbury who is a a most patient and careful man, has acted very sensibly in this matter. He has given them time to think it over, and now that it is authentic, as I have had the opportunity of looking at the despatches, that the French Government have resolved to recall Major Marchand.

The French Government are expected to make some declaration on the subject of Fashoda at to-day's meeting of the Chambers. Meanwhile the Parisian Press is carrying on a crusade of abuse against England, which is described as exceeding in violence the attacks levelled against Germany when she insisted upon the cession of Alsace and Lorraine. Gross caricatures of English-women are among the present stock-in-trade of the lower class Parisian papers. In the more reputable circles of opinion the French consul is believed that unless England smooth the way for France's departure from Fashoda, France will bitterly resent the "humiliation," which may have unfortunate consequences.

NAVAL AND MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

While making every allowance for exaggeration and excitement, it is recognised that Great Britain is assuming the attitude of a nation which may be called upon to draw the sword. The Channel Squadron has been sent to Gibraltar, where it will be excellently placed to unite with the Mediterranean Fleet. The China Squadron has left the Northern seas, and is coming towards the French possessions in Cochin China. The last touches are being put to the defences of the Reserve, and, it is reported, there are no less than 15,000 naval officers and men, and the hotel drawing rooms are being converted into dormitories. Detachments of coastguardsmen have been called up from various points in the United Kingdom. A contingent leaving Belfast on Nov. 2 was loudly cheered at the railway station, the crowd and the sailors singing "Rule Britannia" as the train steamed away. Finally, there is a statement that the War Office is calling upon the Press not to publish information which is likely to prove useful to a possible enemy.

The French are making great naval preparations at Bizerta, the men working nights and day. This port is in the neighbourhood of Malta, the military authorities are busily arming the forts and batteries that defend Toulon, which have been completely manned. Similar activity has been taking place at Brest, where all leave of absence has been suspended. The naval telegraphists have been increased at Ushant and Quelern.

THE SITUATION IN THE SUDAN.

A further battalion of Egyptian troops has been sent to Fashoda. Captain Germain has been left in command of the French party, whose officers are now reduced to seven.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 18.

With the whole of the first half of the past week given up to native holidays for which the banks and local markets were all closed, it has followed as a matter of course that a holiday feeling has been the predominant feature ruling the markets generally. Therefore, during the three days on which business operations have transpired, there has been very little doing, this being the case alike in Cotton and in Wheat and Seeds. Exchange has been a quiet but steady market, and quotations, as compared with those of last Friday, show a decline of 1-32d. for Bank, and also 1-32d. for Private Paper. Money is in better demand, and the rate of the Bank of Bombay continues unchanged. In Government Paper there has been a decline of ‡ per cent. in 3 1-2 per Cents, and 1 1-2 per cent. in Threes. Freights are a firm market, with rates well maintained at their current level. Imports are steady.

MONEY.—The weekly Return of the Bank of Bombay shows the following changes :—

Public Deposits at the Head Office	Inc. Rs.	1,95,231
Branches	Inc. ,,	2,30,410
Other ,,	Dec. ,,	52,52,661
Government Securities	Inc. ,,	21,251
Other authorised ,,	Dec. ,,	4,950
Loans	Dec. ,,	3,04,013
Bills Discounted and Purchased	Inc. ,,	3,41,353
Balances with other Banks	Inc. ,,	6,108
Cash	Dec. ,,	49,24,469

In the Cash Balance of the Presidency Bank, a disclosed by the usual weekly Statement of Affairs issued on Wednesday for Monday, there was a reduction last week of some 49 1-4 lakhs, making it stand at 179 1-2 lakhs, compared with a falling off in the preceding week of 11 1-4 lakhs, at 228 3-4 lakhs. From private Deposits there were withdrawals to the extent of 52 1-2 lakhs, and Loans decreased by 2 lakhs. On the other hand, to Public Deposits at the Head Office there was an addition of nearly 2 lakhs, and at the Branches an increase of over 2 1-4 lakhs. In Government Securities there was but little change and Bills Discounted and purchased increased by bu some 3 1-2 lakhs.

The following is the Statement of Affairs of the Bank of Bombay, as on 11th November 1898 :—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	74,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	50,88,980
Do. do. at Branches	29,07,799
Other Deposits	2,03,24,075
Post Bills	10,914
Credits undrawn	19,37,374
Rs...	5,37,33,742

ASSETS.	
Government Securities	93,02,653
Other authorised Securities	34,80,759
Credits on Government and other authorised Securities	53,07,739
Loans, on do. do.	109,95,208
Bills Discounted and Purchased	61,61,560
Dead Stock	4,15,355
Stamps and Stationery	21,504
Balances with other Banks	1,27,787
Cash	1,79,50,117
Rs...	5,37,33,742

Meanwhile, money continues in better demand. The Bank of Bombay rate remains at 4 per cent., and the rate in the open market at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE.—The market re-opened on Wednesday after having been closed on the three preceding days for native holidays, with a quiet but steady feeling at Is. 3 29-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, Is. 2 15-16d. for Demand, and Is. 4 1-8d. for three months' sight Credits. There was only a little enquiry for Bank Paper, and a small amount of three months' sight Bills was reported sold at Is. 4 3-32d. Yesterday rates were steady at Is. 3 29-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and Is. 4 3-32d. for three months, sight Credits. A fair amount of Bank Demand was reported placed and Telegraphic was also done to a small extent; Merchants' Bills were scarce. The market continue steady in tone to-day at Is. 3 7-8d. for Bank Telegraphic, Is. 3 29-32d. for Demand, and Is. 4 3-32d. for three months' sight Credits. The enquiry for Bank Paper was limited, a moderate amount being taken at Is. 3 29-32d. both Telegraphic and Demand. Merchants' Bills were placed to a moderate extent at Is. 4 3-32d. The market closed steady as follows :—

	per. Rupee.
Bank Bills on Demand	Is. 3 29-32d.
,, Telegraphic	Is. 3 7-8 to Is. 3 29-32d. ,,
Credits 3 months sight	Is. 4 3-32d. ,,
France	170 1-4 ,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened on Wednesday quiet in tone at 93 5-8 for Cash and the Settlement, for 3 1-2 per Cents, but at the close 93 11-16 was quoted in the former and 93 9-16 in the latter position; for 3 per Cents 82 1-2 was named. Rates were weaker yesterday, and after having opened at 93 5-8 for Cash, for 3 1-2 per Cents and 93 9-16 for Account, declined to 93 7-16 in the former position; Threes were quoted at 84. To-day the market has been steady at 93 7-16 for both Cash and the Settlement, for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 82 1-2 for Threes.

SHARES.—The movement in prices during the past week has been as much in favour of sellers as buyers. We have to report :—An advance of Rs. 30, in Jewraj Balloo; of Rs. 20, in City of Bombay; of Rs. 10, in Maneckjee Petit; of Rs. 5 each, in Hingemghat, Madras, Queen, and Southern Mahratta; and a decline of Rs. 40 in Howard and Bullough Rs. 25 in Britannia; of Rs. 20 in Hindustan; of Rs. 10 each in Central India and Swadeshi; of Rs. 5 each in David and Western India. In Miscellaneous shares Treacher and Co. are Rs. 5 higher; and Soundy and Co. Rs 2 1-2 In Presses Bellary have declined Rs. 20; Volkart, Rs. 10; and Bombay Cotton, Rs. 2 -2 Bank of Bombay shares, are Rs 2 1-2 higher

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—A very fair business has been done in standard makes of Grey Goods, at current prices. The other makes have also been freely dealt in, and large transactions have been reported; dealers are freely selling. In Bleached Goods a moderate business has transpired; Nainsooks are dull. In Dyed, Turkey- Red, and Printed goods a large business has passed, in a steady market, with prices steady. For "Locally-made goods there has been a good enquiry. The clearances of "Imported goods" from the bazaar during the week have been some 5,000 bales; and of local about 2,000 bales.

YARNS.—The sales on account of China dealers have been 12,000 bales. Locally spinners have offered to sell at current rates, but China buyers will not operate, and offer 1-8 lower, The clearances from the bazaar have been 2,000 bales. The market is quiet in tone; official quotations are as follows :—

Twist	No.		As.		
,,	10s	,,	3	to	3 1-2 per lb.
,,	12s	,,	3 1-8	,,	3 5-8 ,,
,,	16s	,,	3 1-4	,,	4 1-4 ,,
,,	20s	,,	3 1-2	,,	4 3-8 ,,
,,	24s	,,	4 1-4	,,	4 3-4 ,,
,,	30s	,,	4 1-4	,,	4 7-8 ,,
,,	36s	,,	4 3-4	,,	5 1-2 ,,
,,	40s	,,	6	,,	6 1-2 ,,
,,	60s	,,	7	,,	7 1-2 ,,

METALS.—"Braziers Copper has advanced Re. 1 per cwt., and "Yelow Metal" 8 ans; "Swedish Bar Iron" is unchanged at Rs. 55 per candy.

COALS.—During the week there have been sales of Cardiff, for December shipment, at Rs. 20 per ton, Rs. 19 for January shipment, and Rs. 18 1-2 to Rs. 18 for February-March. Davison's W. Hartley has been done at Rs 19 for December, and Rs 17 1-4 for January to March Deshagur has changed hands at Rs 14 3-4 for January and June, and Rs 14 1-4 for July December. We quote alongside :—

	Ready.	Forward.
Welsh Hartley	Nil.	Nil.
West ,,	Rs. 19 per ton	Rs. 17 1-4 per ton
Australian	Nil.	Nil.
Powell's	Rs. 22 per ton	Rs. 18 1-4 per ton
Cardiff	Rs. 22 ,,	Rs. 18 1-4 ,,
Japan	Nil.	Nil.
Singareni	Rs. 14 1-4 per ton	Rs. 14 1-4 per ton.
Deshagur Bengal	Rs. 17 ,,	Rs 16 ,,
Muir's Navigation	Rs. 15 1-2 ,,	Rs. 15 ,,
Jardine's	Rs. 15 1-2 ,,	Rs. 15 ,,
Seebpore	Rs. 15 ,,	Rs. 15 1-2 ,,

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—Quiet, not to say dull in tone, this market has been inactive, the operations of both exporters and the mills, and particularly of the former, having been very limited. Forward prices are lower to the extent of Re. 1-2 to Rs. 1 1-2 per candy. To-day a small business has been done in a dull market.

The reports from the Cotton-growing districts received by wire yesterday morning, continued to be of a favourable tenor. At Barsi the Cotton was ready for picking in some places; and at Dhulia it had begun to arrive in small quantities. At Khangaon the food-grains required more rain, but the weather there was bright and without sign of rain. The Kharif harvest was in progress in Amraoti.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool via Canal, without commission, viz :—

		Per Candy,	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	Nov-Dec	Rs.	130—3 27-32d.
Do. Fully Good	Do.	,,	121—2 11-16d.
Do. Good	Do.	,,	117—2 59d.
Bolatee, Fine	Dec-Jany	,,	131—2 7-8d.
Do. Fully Good	Do.	,,	128—2 25-32d.
Khandesh, Fully Good	Do.	,,	125—2 15-32d.
Oomra, Fully Good	Do.	,,	130—2 7-8d.
Dhollera, Fine	April	,,	138—3 1-16d.
Do. Fully Good	Do.	,,	131—2 15-16d.
Do. Good	Do.	,,	127—2 7-8d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good	May	,,	140—3 9-32d.
Westerns	Do.	,,	132—2 15-16d.
Broach, Fine	March	,,	149—3 7-32d.
Do Good	Do.	,,	146—3 5-32d.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years :—

Receipts.	1898. Bales.	1897. Bales.	1896. Bales.
For the week	15,901	3,467	19,447
From 1st Jan. to 17th Nov.	1,510,830	1,321,805	1,734,735
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	745	500	5,008
From 1st Jan. to 17th Nov.	457,819	480,189	723,646
Clearances to China, Japan, Calcutta, &c.			
For the week	1,023	1,022	923
From 1st Jan. to 17th Nov.	431,209	431,246	574,540

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows :—

	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.	1896 Cwts.
Wheat for the week	77,806	42,918	52,813
Do. from 1st January to 17th November	7,538,305	1,412,545	3,764,593
Linseed for the week	45,691	13,281	8,305
Do. from 1st January to 17th November	2,461,699	444,990	3,418,720
Rapeseed for the week	20,666	9,624	11,438
Do. from 1st January to 17th November	2,093,799	1,808,134	1,261,622
Gingellyseed for the week	77,804	55,033	38,045
Do. from 1st January to 17th November	1,492,900	539,460	1,037,025

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows :—

	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.	1896. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	22,501	.....	1,958
Do. from 1st January to 17th November	5,049,231	2,913	1,429,572
Linseed for the week	38,803	4,000	62,477
Do. from 1st January to 17th November	2,519,182	643,039	3,115,615
Rapeseed for the week	50,430	2,001	41,243
Do. from 1st January to 17th November	2,207,281	1,094,429	1,300,430
Gingellyseed for the week	51,398	18,398	29,816
Do. from 1st January to 17th November	1,498,145	515,979	1,112,403

WHEAT.—A small business has passed in a quiet but steady market. We quote :—

	Rs. as. p.	
White Peasy 91 per cent	31 0 0	per candy.
Do. 85 ,,	28 0 0	,,
No. 1 Club Delhi ,,	28 0 0	,,
Red Delhi ,,	27 0 0	,,
Hard Yellow ,,	32 0 0	,,
Red Ahmedabad ,,	27 0 0	,,
Hard Red ,,	32 0 0	,,

SEEDS are a dull market; quotations are as follows :—

	Rs. as. p.	
Linseed	6 4 6	per cwt.
Rapeseed Yellow Gurrat	6 2 0	,,
Do. do. Cawnpore	5 14 0	,,
Do. Red do.	5 8 0	,,
Gingelly, White	39 0 0	per candy.
Do. Mixed	36 0 0	,,

The arrivals of New Crop Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last are as follows :—

	Season 1898-99. F. P. Bales.	Season 1897-98 F. P. Bales.
Khandeish	3,000	200
Berar	14,000	1,000
Hingunghat	300	100
Bengals	1,500	800
	18,800	2,100

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 17.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats dull.

Good Bhownuggur 2 18-32.

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2½ per cent. Consols	116 3-8
3 per cent. Rentes	101 3-4
3½ per cen. Sterling Loan	115
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	91 9-16
Bar Silver	28

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total Bullion, £32,490,000; Increase, £400,000; Public Deposits, £5,800,000; Decrease, £200,000; Other Deposits, £35,200,000; Increase £960,000; Other Securities, £26,800,000; Increase, £200,000; Notes and Gold, £32,200,000; Increase, £700,000. The Bank's Reserve is 54 per cent. of the liabilities.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, Nov. 17.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora, left here this evening.

The Messageries Maritimes Co.'s s. Sydney, left Colombo, for Bombay, on Friday the 18th instant, at 11 a.m. and she is expected here on Monday the 21st instant, at 6 a.m.

DIVINE SERVICE.

TWENTY-FOURTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, NOV. 20.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral)—Cruickshank in E flat.
Hymns—Introit 2, 445, 319 and 197.
9 a.m.—Children's service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon—Hymns 165, 540 and 31.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis,—Woodward in A.
Daily—Matins at 6-45 a.m., Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)

7 a.m.—Matins and Sermon (Parade Service)—Hymns 193, 199 and 277.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion, (Plain.)
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon—Hymns 263, 265 and 477.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.

BOWEN CHURCH—Apollo Bunder.
(Behind the Apollo Hotel.)

9-45 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Sermon by Rev. I. F. Row.
6 p.m.—Sermon by Rev. W. W. Stephens
Wednesday, 6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

Grant Road Church.

7-30 a.m.—Sunday School.
8-45 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Sermons by Rev. I. F. Row.
Wednesday, 6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.
(Colaba Causeway).

10-30 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. C. P. Cape.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Communion.
8-30 p.m.—Social hour.

(Byculla, Victoria Gardens)

9-30 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Mr. F. K. Atkins.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, FORT.

8 a.m.—Morning Service.—Hymns 132, and 234 1st tune. Ps. 35 v 5. Hymn 94.
6 p.m.—Evening service—Hymns 341 2nd tune, 194, 176, and 361.

FORT CHAPEL (CATHOLIC.)
Our Lady of Mount Carmel.

5-30 a.m.—Holy Mass.
7 a.m.—Holy Mass with Sermon.
8-30 a.m.—Holy Mass with Sermon.
6 p.m.—Rosary and Sermon by Father Hoene, S.J., Benediction.
During the week every day Holy Mass at 6, 7 and 7-30 a.m.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
(Wauchy Road, Esplanade).

8 a.m.—Joint Service in St. Andrew's Church.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
6 p.m.—Evening Service, conducted by the Rev. Principal Fairbairn, D. D., Mansfield College, Oxford.
Hymns 233, 281 and 282. Psalms 45, tune 166.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.
(Near School of Art).

Incumbent.—Rev. C. Gilder.
8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 217, 225 and 320.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 163, 165 and 288.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon by Rev. L. B. Butcher.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon by Rev. W. G. Peel.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong and Sermon in the Byculla Girls School, the Church being closed.—Hymns 167, 197 and 477.
This Church is now closed for the purpose of cleaning and painting, there will therefore be no services in this Church on Sunday next, but Choral Evensong will be sung and a Sermon will be preached in the Girls' School, at 6 p.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.
(Madras time.)

6-30 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. G. Ledgard—Hymns 74, 203 and 17.

ST. NICHOLAS' (SEAMEN'S) CHURCH.
Prince's Dock.

7 a.m.—Morning Prayer.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon. Chaplain J. C. Dearden, B. A.

PALI HILL.

A BUMBLE PUPPY GYMKHANA
Will be held at Santa Cruz,
ON SATURDAY, 26TH NOVEMBER 1898.

Event I—Sections of 4. To take a ring and pig
Event II—The Capshalite Stakes. Saddle. Nomination. Gentleman to ride to blackboard with slip of paper on which will be written the subject that he has to sketch on the blackboard. Last must guess what the sketch represents
Event III—Bumble Puppy Scurry. Open to terriers
Event IV—Innerout and Umbrell- Race
Event V—Bushranger Stakes. Triple over hurdle to given point dismount and unsaddle returning over jump bareback carrying saddle
Event I—Rs 2 each
Event II to V—Rs 3 each
Entries with entrance fees should be sent to the Hon. Secretary on or before Wednesday the 23rd November.

E. R. SMETHAM,
Hon. Secretary,
Pali Hill.

UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.

THE following is a list of messages remaining undelivered in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, during the week ending 17th November 1898 :—

Station from.	Address in full as received.
Amethi O R	The Commanding Officer, Regt 125 Co. No 2.
Poona	Chhitra Mallaya, care of Record Mistri, care of District Inspector of Police, Sassoon Dock
Colombo	Akbarali
Murshedabad	Syud Fateh Ali Mirza, Paul Road
Poona	Shaik Bandu, Futhur Bunder, Dhobye Ghat, care of Suriano Francis Philip
Simla	S Shuja Ud Din, Head Draftsman, G I P Railway, Victoria Terminus

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 17th November, 1898.

Means of observations taken at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	inches 29·871
Temperature of the Air	degrees 81·9
Wet Bulb Thermometer	73·7
Dew Point	63·5
Relative humidity of Air	68·2
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =10)	1·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m.) next day	degrees 89·3
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	74·5
General Directions of wind	E. W. N.W.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours	miles 1·3

From midnight to midnight.

N. A. F. MOOS,
Director, Government Observatory.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE

MARRIAGES.

MAXWELL—KAYE—October 31, at St. Andrew's, Holborn, Major G W Maxwell, I S C, Assistant Adjutant General, Belgaum District, to Emily Frances Eliza, only daughter of the late Lieutenant-General F E Kaye, C B, Royal (Bengal) Artillery, and of Mrs Kaye, 93 Priory road, W Hampstead.

MOUNTAIN—FERGUSON—October 31, at St Mark's Surbiton, James Edward Mountain, Burman Civil Service, eldest son of G W Mountain, to Ethel Cowbray, youngest daughter of the late F J Ferguson, Barrister-at-law, of Calcutta, and Mrs Ferguson, of Parkinella, Surbiton.

SELLICK—BEST—October 26, at the Palace Hotel, Edinburgh, Major J H Sellick, Indian Medical Service, to Mary Maggie, daughter of John Best, Warriston House, Edinburgh.

DEATHS.

BRETT—October 24, at 15, Russell road, Kensington, W, Juli Peronella Brett, of Alba Villa, Cheltenham, widow of Major-General James Hompton Brett, 4th Madras Cavalry, and eldest daughter of the late General John Winstar Cleveland, Madras Army, aged 77.

TREMENHERE—October 28, at 1, Porchester square, W, Lieutenant General Charles William Tremenheere, C B, Royal (late Bombay) Engineers, aged 87.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** ALL communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1898.

THE visit of Principal Fairbairn of Mansfield College, Oxford, to India has, we observe, been awakening much interest in England. Now that the distinguished lecturer is soon to be welcomed in Bombay it is not unfitting that public attention should be drawn to the visitor and the work which lies before him in India. A few weeks ago Mr. Bryce M.P. presided over an enthusiastic gathering of the friends and admirers of the learned Principal who assembled to wish him God-speed on his Indian tour. From the speeches delivered on the occasion by Mr. Bryce, the Chairman, and other eminent men, it was evident that this visit was regarded with no ordinary interest by many sections of the English public. It is not often that the Head of an Oxford College undertakes such a tour, and with such a definite relation to the people of India. Distinguished visitors are common enough during the pleasant months of the Indian winter; but they have seldom come charged with a duty such as that which brings Dr. Fairbairn to India. He comes as the Haskell Lecturer, to deliver a course of lectures to the educated classes in our Indian cities. The terms of the lecturership require that a course of lectures shall be delivered in Calcutta which may be repeated in whole or in part in other cities of India, as may be arranged for. On the last occasion the Haskell Lecturer had to drop Bombay out of his programme, on account of the condition of our then plague-stricken city. On this occasion the lecturer has arranged to begin his work in Bombay, and next week we shall have an opportunity of listening to Dr. Fairbairn's opening lecture. The object of the lectureship is to bring India into contact with the best exponents of Christian thought in the West, and it may be safely asserted that no thinker of our day in England possesses higher qualifications for the fulfilment of this object than the gentleman on whom the choice has this year fallen. Mrs. Haskell, the founder of the lectureship, was led to interest herself thus in the religious problem in India, by the visit of a number of the representatives of Oriental faiths to Chicago in connection with the World's Parliament of Religions. She conceived the idea that the personal contact of the best minds of the West, with the minds of the East, which such a lectureship might be expected to achieve, would be of no small benefit to those who are earnestly engaged with the religious problems which are so prominent an element in the general movement called the awakening of India, which is every day becoming more manifest. It is obvious than the success of such a project must largely depend on the fitness of the lecturer selected for the task. It is not enough that he should be a man of high culture and wide learning. Dr. Fairbairn certainly possesses these qualications in an eminent degree. It is necessary that the man who addresses the mind of India should be acquainted with its religious attitude, and should be able to enter into sympathy with its aspirations so far as these have tended to what is noble in thought or life. We have seen often the spectacle of otherwise splendidly equipped men addressing their eloquent presentations of truth to audiences whom they entirely failed to touch, and who in after years would remember perhaps only some word or statement which stirred their opposition through the failure of the speaker to appreciate their position, or to sympathise with their difficulties. We do not mean that the teacher of truth of any kind must not be prepared to make statements which are not acceptable to certain minds, or run counter to their cherished ideas; but it he does this in the spirit of truth, and not in the spirit of controversy, he need never be afraid of the kind of reception which he will meet with from an Indian audience. Such an audience is quick to detect the ring of true brotherly sympathy in the voice which speaks to it, and no people in the world are more willing to listen to such a voice than the people of India.

Dr. Fairbairn comes as the representative of this sympathetic spirit. He is acquainted with the history of Indian thought. He has followed it through long years as a student of philosophy and religion; and he has himself told us how often the truths borne in upon him by the study of comparative religion, have upheld and strengthened his own religious faith. He comes prepared to appreciate all the good that he can find in the life of India, as he has so often in his writings shown his appreciation of all the good that is to be found in the aspiration of its thought. We may therefore anticipate that his contact with the mind of India will be real, and that in his case the West and East will not hopelessly miss each other in an abortive attempt at meeting. He has told us in one of his public utterances that his aim is to interpret the East to the West, more even than to interpret the West to the East, and it may fairly be anticipated that one who comes with this proposed aim will not only succeed in this object, but will prove a better interpreter of the West than he could otherwise hope to be. Dr. Fairbairn's remark is full of significance. Mutual understanding is the gate to mutual sympathy, and perhaps the reason of much of that want of sympathy between the people of the West and the people of India that we so often hear of, is simply a want of this mutual understanding. Certainly the men who have gained most of the love and confidence of the people of India have been those who earnestly endeavoured to cultivate this knowledge. Loyal to their own convictions, and living up to their own professions, they sought to enter into the feelings of the people of India through a study of their customs, their literature and their history. Men, for example, of the type of Dr. John Wilson on our own side of India, have shewn how quick the Indian mind is to respond to the touch of love and sympathy, and how enduring is the hold which is thus won by those who shew a true and sympathetic interest in all that concerns the life of the people. In Dr. Fairbairn the people of India will meet an eminent countryman of Dr. Wilson, a thinker of a different school and type, yet possessing the same broad-minded and large-hearted sympathy with the people of India on every side of their life.

Dr. Fairbairn is the Head of an Oxford College. To this position he has been raised through the influence of his wide learning in theology and philosophy, and his very varied gifts. His fame as a preacher and an eloquent public speaker is over all England, and the educated men of our city will shortly enjoy the rare privilege of listening to one who draws crowded assemblies throughout England and Scotland. His present position in Oxford is quite unique. As a representative of the Congregationalists of England in the centre of Anglicanism he has been placed in a position which only commanding abilities and exceptional tact could render tenable. He has not only maintained the position and made Mansfield College a success, but while doing this, he has retained the unabated regard of members of the University whose religious and political tendencies are widely divergent from his own. This is sufficient to shew the breadth and strength of the character of the man. Mr. J. N. Tata, who counts Dr. Fairbairn among his many friends, and has found in him a true friend of his project for improving the higher education of India, has given the key-note to Bombay by arranging a reception in honour of Dr. Fairbairn to which the leading men of all communities have been invited. This is an indication of the regard which Dr. Fairbairn inspires in the minds of Indian friends who have come in contact with him, and may be accepted as a token of the general welcome which Dr. Fairbairn will receive from the people of Bombay, and of all the Indian cities which he will visit during his tour.

FROM the increasing custom of wearing glasses one would imagine that the eyesight of Eastern nations as well as of Europeans in India was gradually failing. We are told, however, that with a large number of people it is simply a habit. A peculiar form of fashion actuates some, while with others it is a curious exhibition of the love of adornment—an observation that of course only applies solely to those for whom there is no necessity to wear glasses. The striking increase in the custom, is shown chiefly amongst young adults, say from f

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

CHINESE TROOPS FOR BRITISH SERVICE.

LONDON, Nov. 18.

Lord Lansdowne has ordered the enrolment of a battalion of 1000 Chinese to serve at Wei-hai-Wei, under British officers.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S MANCHESTER SPEECHES.

Mr. Chamberlain's recent speeches at Manchester have greatly irritated the French newspapers, but have been cordially received by the German press.

THE DEFENCES OF GREAT BRITAIN.

Lord Lansdowne, speaking at Plymouth, said that Government were engaged in carefully revising the whole scheme of defence before asking the country for larger sacrifices.

The time had come, said the Secretary of State for War, to push vigorously the manufacture of modern guns for our fortresses.

THE DREYFUS CASE.

Nov. 17.

It is believed in legal circles in Paris, that the Court of Cassation will shortly order the return of Dreyfus.

LAUNCH OF A BATTLE-SHIP.

The first class armoured battle-ship Formidable, 15,000 tons, the largest battle ship in the British Navy has been successfully launched at Portsmouth.

THE KAISER'S RETURN.

H. I. M. the Emperor William is returning to Germany overland from Pola, Austria.

APPOINTMENTS TO LORD CURZON'S STAFF.

Lord Curzon has made the following appointments to his staff:—Major Sandbach, Military Secretary; Lieutenant Colonel Fenn, Surgeon; Lieutenant Adam, Captain Baker Carr and Captain R. Marker, Aides-de-Camps.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, Nov. 17.

The P. and O. Co's. s.s. Sutlej with the Homeward Mails of the 12th instant, arrived here at 3 p.m. to-day, (Thursday.)

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 18.

Captain Cartwright, 6th Bombay Cavalry, on being relieved of his appointment as officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General Sind District by Captain Harvey, 2nd Royal Irish Rifles, is directed to rejoin his Regiment. He will travel on duty at the public expense. Captain Dundee, R. I. Company, Commander Bombay Sappers and Miners, will on return from privilege leave rejoin the head-quarters of his Corps at Kirkee.

Military Works Department:—Under instructions from Army Head Quarters, India, Colonel Spratt R.E., is transferred from Quetta to Poona to take up the appointment of Chief Engineer, Bombay Command on its being vacated by Colonel Greenstreet on the 27th November.

Under instructions received from the War Office it is notified that Major Duhan, Instructor in Gunnery Bombay, on promotion to that rank, has been posted to No. 22 Company Southern Dn. Royal Artillery.

The undermentioned officers of the Royal Artillery have passed in range firing: Captain Salternwaite No. 25 Company, Western Dn and 2nd Lieutenant Holland, 16th P. B.

When Guards of Honour are at present at the public arrival or departure of any officials or other personages, officers ordered to attend the ceremony will form a fall in on Parade under the senior officer present. When space is available officers should parade opposite to and facing the Guard of Honour.

When arrival or departure is Private, only those officers are required to attend in uniform whose presence is specially ordered. Officers off duty who may wish to attend these ceremonies may wear either uniform or plain clothes; but if in uniform they must wear same order of dress as officers on duty do, and must place themselves under the orders of the senior officer present for the ceremony.

The Government of India have been pleased to sanction all British and Native soldiers on field service being allowed the advantages of making (1) field deposits under paragraphs 143 to 158 and 196 the Field Service Departmental Code, military accounts. (2) Deposits in field Post offices for credit free of charge to post office saving's bank accounts in India. Amounts which soldiers deposit in the field post offices while on field service, will be credited to their accounts in the Post Office Savings Banks in India free of charge. Those soldiers who already have accounts with the post office savings banks will be required to produce their pass books when making deposits in the field post offices. At the examination in the Beluchi language held at Quetta on the 13th September and 3rd October the undermentioned candidates were declared to have passed the proper test by the higher and lower standard. By higher standard—Lieutenant Drummond, Minchin and School Mistress Chisholm, R. A.

The following officers have passed the Lower Standard:—Lieutenant Pringle, Border Regiment Lieutenant Orr, Commissariat Department, 2nd Lieutenant Riccard, R. A, Sergeant Mowis, Commissariat Department, Barrack Sergent Chisholm, School Mistress Chisolm, Assistant Surgeon Wale, Medical Department, Assistant Surgeon Becle Medical Department. The Principal Medical Officer, Bombay Command will inspect the Barracks and hospitals in the Aden District, the details of inspection being arranged by the P. M. O. of the District in consultation with the General Officer Commanding.

The undermentioned Officer and Warrant Officer have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty. Brigadier-General Ventris, Major Grantham, 3rd Bombay 1st Cavalry, Captain Aiken, Adjutant Generals Department, Conductor Billing, Ordnance Department.

Under instructions from Army Headquarters, India, Nursing Sister Lloyd Indian Army Nursing Service is granted 12 months' furlough to England from such date as she may avail herself of it. She is entitled to travel at the public expense.

The Undermentioned Officers have leave of absence: Border Regiment 2nd Batalion, Lieutenant Molyneux; from 2nd November to 29 January on Medical Certificate Light Infantry, Captain Dill from the 29th October to the date of his joining the Depot granted by the War Office in extension of the leave granted in Bombay Command Order, R A M C Major Buist, from 26 September to 25 January on Medical Certificate granted by the War Office. 21 Bombay Infantry, Captain Creagh, 2 months on Medical Certificate granted by the Secretary of State for India.

MRS. LESTER.

Mrs. Lester left Poona by to-nights mail in charge of Superintendent Grennan.

PROFESSOR SAM COOKE.

Professor Sam Cooke left by the same train very sick.

DEATH OF A CRIMEAN VETERAN.

Mr. Thomas Russell, Crimean Veteran died at Poona to-day. He joined the Cameronian Highlanders Edinburgh in 1852 and was through the Crimean War and received medals and Crimean Clasps for Alma, Balaklava and Sebastapol. He also obtained the Turkish War Medal, and later the medal for the Indian Mutiny, being present at the relief of Lucknow under Sir Colin Cambell. He was some time connected with the Central Asian Trading company, sending caravans to Yarkand and other places. He was a distinguished mason and had taken several degrees in the lodges of Scottland. The funeral takes place to-morrow. Deceased was 61 years old.

PLAGUE IN THE POONA DISTRICT.

There were 21 cases and 14 deaths accorded in the Poona District yesterday.

AN APPEAL DISMISSED.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

SATARA, Nov. 18.

The Sessions Judge dismissed the appeal and confirmed the sentence passed on Ramchandra Anant, Divisional Officer, Mahad Mahableshwar Road P. W. D. Satara, against his conviction by the Assistant Sessions Judge on a charge of cheating Government.

MAJOR MONTGOMERY REVERTS TO REGIMENTAL DUTY.

Major Montgomery is ordered back to his Regiment by, from his plague work here. He was kind, sympathetic towards the people. The Gadagopal held a panapuri party under the Pre- Sardar Phadnis in his honor, and ex- regret for his transfer at a critical would have been extremely useful to

ANOTHER PILGRIMAGE PROHIBITED.

SIMLA Nov. 18.

The sale of railway-tickets to intending pilgrims from the Bombay Presidency and Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to Arudradarsanam festival at Chidambaram, south Arcot, also to Vaikunta Ekadasi festival at Surangam Trichinopoly, is prohibited as a plague precaution.

CROP REPORT.

The crop prospects continue to be reported upon as normal on the whole, except in Rajputana, where a limited area is still suffering from deficient rains. The people continue to emigrate from Ajmere; the test works which have been opened, appear to be little resorted to.

CONVERSION OF RUPEE DEPOSITS INTO STIRLING.

A Resolution is published, enumerating the conditions sanctioned by the Government of India, and approved by the Secretary of State under which subscribers appointed in England, or intending to retire thither, or to colonies, may convert their rupee deposits in the Civil Engineers Provident Fund into corresponding sterling value either (1), of the years in which they were deposited, or (2) of the month in which they elected to convert. Provision is added that from the date of conversion to sterling, interest will be at three instead of the present four per cent. Present members must exercise their option within the next six months if on duty or privilege leave, and within the next eight months, if on long leave out of India, while future entrents must exercise the option within six months of joining. The conversion will be at the average rate of exchange obtaining at the time of election; existing members are given a further option of having their accounts recalculated to hypothesis that the deposits were converted into sterling in the year when they were paid into the fund at the average rate of the year, and that compound interest at three instead of four per cent. on these converted amounts had been allowed.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF'S ORDERS.

Lieutenant Haworth, 2nd Bombay Lancers, to officiate, Wing Officer, 9th Bombay Infantry.

Lieutenant Hill to be Adjutant, 10th Bombay Infantry, vice Captain Britton, vacated.

Major Macdonald, to officiate in Command, 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, vice Wellsman on leave.

Major Ledie, 2nd Bombay Grenadiers, has qualified in tactical fitness for Command

MILITARY NOTIFICATIONS.

Colonel Dixon will be placed on half pay on the 3rd proximo on completing his four years command of the second battalion Kings Own Scotish Borderers It is understood, Colonel Dixon refused a year's extension offered him, Colonel Stopford A. A. G, R, A, has eight months' leave home from the 19th proximo, and is unlikely to return to India.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Foreign Department.—Captain Watson is to be Inspecting Officer Punjab Imperial Service Infantry. Captain Walker First Battalion, Fourth Gurkhas succeeding Watson as Assistant Inspecting Officer of the Rajputana Imperial Service Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Deane, I.M.S, is posted for appointment as Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals in the Punjab, Captain Barter, I.M.S., is to take Medical charge of the Bundelkhand Political Agency.

Major R. Jennings, R.E., is to officiate as Political Agent at Alwar.

Colonel H. Wylie who has been officiating for Mr. Barnes as Governor-General's Agent at Quetta takes a month's leave, before returning to Nepal.

Mr. McLaren Morrison has resumed the Austro-Hungarian Consulship at Calcutta.

Military Department.—Second Lieutenants Hitchins 5th Bombay Infantry, Sergeant, 14th Bombay Infantry, and Burton, 3rd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, are admitted to the Staff Corps.

Second Lieutenant Payne to be Lieutenant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery, vice Penny transferred to the supernumerary list.

Marine Department.—Commander Barwich R. I. M. has one months' extension of leave, and Lieutenant Windham six months.

Brevet Colonel Keighley C. B. to officiate as Commissary General, vice Colonel Christopher on special duty.

Lieutenant Colonel Sandys, Major Sparling, Captains Cornfield and Ewart, and Lieutenant Vaughan, each receive step promotion in the Commissariat Transport Department from the 17th instant, vice Yaldwyn retired.

Lieutenant-Colonel Chalmers, Major Broome, Major Westlake and Captains Birdwood and Brandreth, are graded in the above order as Superintendents in the Remount Department with Captain Alexander as Assistant Superintendent for purposes of Staff pay, which from the 17th May last, will go by grading instead of by depots.

Major General H. Cowper, Bengal Cavalry, retires from the 18th ultimo, and Lieutenant Colonel Blenkinsop I. M. from the 29th proximo.

Department of Revenue and Agriculture: Major Burrard R. E. officiates in charge of the Drawing Offices, Survey of India.

HYDERABAD POLO TOURNAMENT.

SECUNDERABAD, Nov. 18.

The Hyderabad Polo Tournament was concluded this afternoon, the Golconda team and the Golconda Gymkhana appearing in the final. One of the largest crowds that ever assembled on the Secunderabed maidan watched the contest. His Highness the Nizam, His Excellency Sir Vicar-ool-Oomrah and General Wolseley and Tucker were among the distinguished spectators. Play commenced at 4 o'clock, when the Golconda team asserted their mettle by scoring two goals, and one subsidiary in the first Chukker. They went on playing prettily and cleverly and scored two goals second Chukker, one third chukker, nonfourth, three fifth, and one sixth, with three subsidiaries in the fifth Chukker. The Golconda Gymkhana scored one goal in the third Chukker and that was all; in the fourth Chukker Abbas Khan, Golconda Gymkhana's Back came a cropper with his pony: but he rose intact and continued playin. The Scores in the end stood as follows:—Golconda Team 9 goals and 4 subsidiaries; Golconda Gymkhana, one goal. H. H. the Nizam handed the winners the cup amidst wild cheering. His Highness in addressing the team said he was delighted with their victory, and hoped they would win the cup next year. Cheers were given for His Highness, the Golconda team, and for Mr. Egerton, Honorary Secretary Hyderabad Polo Tournament.

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT DILWARA

The Indian Troop Service Transport Dilwara, Captain A. W. Mann, arrived in harbour yesterday from Southampton, which port she left on the 27th October, calling en route at Malta, Port Said, and Suez. She has brought "D" Battery, R. H. A., and Drafts from Home, and Head Quarters Lincoln Regiment, 1st Squadron 3rd Hussars, and 32nd Field Battery from Suez, in all consisting of 49 officers, 8 ladies and 7 children, 8 warrant officers, 7 women, 4 children, 1127 non-commissioned officers and men, 59 women, and 47 children. During the voyage a death occurred on board, that of the infant son of S. Qr. Mr. S. Birch on the 10th instant, from natural causes. The Dilwara had a fine passage throughout. The following are the names of the saloon passengers:—

FROM SOUTHAMPTON TO BOMBAY

Lt and Mrs W. Keays and 3 children R H A
Major J W Sterling D By R H A
Major and Mrs P Farrer 1st Dorset Regt
Major and Mrs H L E White R A M C
Major H Earle D S O 2nd Yorks L I
Capt and Mrs W R Annesley D S O 1st K R W Kent Regt
Capt and Mrs K R H J Cloete and child D By R H A
Capt C G Marrable 2nd Yorks L I
Captain and Mrs F J Hunter A Ordnance Dept
Capt and Mrs F Brown and 4 children A Ordnance Dept
Capt and Mrs Gardiner Gordon Highlanders
Capt E R Phillips R A
Lt and Rq Mr G Jackson 5th Dragoon Guards
Lt B A Bright R H A
Lt G W Slinger R E
Lt H D Hall R H A
Lt J C G A Hankey D By R H A
Lt C C Gordon 2nd R Scots Regt
Lt A P Simon 1st D C L Infy
Lt A H O Young R A M C
2nd Lt T P Trianor 1st R W Kent Regt
2nd Lt J S Cawley 15th Hussars
2nd Lt H G Dooles 11th E Kent Regt
2nd Lt A G Fraser 2nd R Irish Regt
2nd Lt R A McPherson 1st D G L I
2nd Lt G R E J Trotter 2nd W Rig Regt
2 d Lt L J C McKenna 2nd Border Reg
2nd Lt A Delme-Radcliffe 2nd S Lanc Regt
2n Lt A D Day 2nd Essex Regt
2nd Lt F F Hunter Unattached List
Rev R Hill Ag C E Chaplain
Rev J Connell Ag R C Chap lain
School master and wife Mr tly A Schools
School mistress Miss Carroll A Schools
Sergt Major Gosson wife and 3 children Madras Sappers and miners
Wife of Sub Conductor Hunter and child Ord Dept
Conductor Walmsley Ord Dept
Conductor Wilson Ord Dept
Sub Conductor Lewason and wife Ord Dept
Sub Conductor A S Brown Wife and sister in Law Ord Dept

FROM MALTA TO BOMBAY—Lieut C F Woodward Dorset Regt

FROM SUEZ TO BOMBAY.

Lieut F R Lowth 1st Lincoln Regt
Major W Goring 3rd Hussars
Major W H Williams 32nd Y B R A
Major J E Stuart R A M C
Major J R Burrows R A M C
Capt J S Hoche 3rd Hussars
Capt A B Barsdale R A M C
Mrs R O Cumberland Lincoln Regt
Capt and Adjt J R M Marsh Lincoln Regt
Lt B Granville 3rd Hussars
Lieut S W Burton 1st Lincoln Regt
Lieut W Chinnery 3rd Hussars
Lt R H Biles R A M C
Lt H Hodgson Lincoln Regt
2nd Lt J W Logan 32nd F B
Serjt Major W Church wife and 2 children Lincoln Regt
Band Master C F Wright and wife Lincoln Regt

MILITARY NEWS.

COLONEL BROCK, commanding 1st Battalion Royal Welsh Kent Regiment, will be placed on half-pay on the 23rd December on completing his period of command of the battalion.

CAPTAIN KANE, Royal Sussex Regiment, officiates as Station Staff Officer, Cawnpore, vice Captain Gueiding, officiating as D. A. A. G. Nagpur, and in relief of Captain Longfield.

SERGEANT-MAJOR DAVIES has been promoted to the Quartermastership of the 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade, and Quartermaster Sergeant Davidson to that of the 1st Battalion Royal Highlanders.

COLONEL KELLY, Commanding the Malakand Brigade, has proceeded on ten day's leave.

LIEUTENANT CROSS, 23rd Gurkha Rifles, succeeds, to the Adjutancy of the regiment, vice Rodkopsky vacated.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 4.

ENGLAND ADN FRANCE.

I HEARD yesterday from a gentleman occupying a high position in the English diplomatic service, that so far as Fashoda is concerned, our immediate difficulties with France were at last really at an end. This more hopeful view of the situation is confirmed to-day from a number of different sources, but curiously enough there is little or no abatement of the tension that has been growing all the week, and it remains to be seen whether Lord Salisbury in the speech which in an hour or two he is to make at the great civic banquet to the hero of Omdurman, will say anything to restore our normal relations with France. To say that the country will be disappointed if the present serious differences with our nearest neighbours is arranged without an outbreak of hostilities, would be going too far; but I do firmly believe that such is the feeling at present prevailing throughout the country, that war, for almost any good reason and with almost any country, would be popular. How is this to be accounted for? In my opinion it is principally due to three causes. First, the warlike or perhaps I should say patriotic spirit stirred up by the naval and military displays in connection with the Diamond Jubilee. Secondly, the dissatisfaction so universally felt at the recent successive defeats our diplomacy has experienced in different parts of the world, especially China, and the desire to show Europe and the world, that Great Britain is not, as our Continental critics are so fond of affirming, so wedded to money-making, that she will not strike, however much and however grossly she is affronted. We have not, since the existing crisis began heard quite so many taunts of this description; and the remarkable demonstration of patriotism we are now beholding will, if it does nothing else, teach the scoffers at "Commercial England" a lesson that it was necessary they should learn. As to France, her attitude in view of our firm determination to adhere to the policy laid down by Lord Salisbury in his interview with Baron de Courcel, and in the Foreign Office despatches to Sir Edmond Monson, appears to be faithfully depicted in the account M. de Blowitz gives of a conversation with an ex-French Minister (probably M. Hanotaux). He foreshadows the unconditional evacuation of Fashoda by the French, and explains what France will do when this is a *fait accompli*. She will sulk until the time comes for paying us out in her own way. What France asked England to do before anything else was to humour French *amour propre*, and not to force upon that nation a withdrawal which was demanded almost in the form of an order These precautions England did not choose to take. England would have

MERITED THE GRATITUDE OF FRANCE

if she had not sought to humiliate it in the person of this hero, of whom Frenchmen are to-day so proud. For this result she did not care. She listened to those who whisper to her that France is always wanting to put obstacles in her way and to treat her with disdain. "But" M de Blowitz read proceeded, "we do not mean to put ourselves into a position in which we shall be forced to go further than we wish. We have not to depend on the Nile interests sufficiently important to run any such risk, and if England had been willing, to renounce the pleasure of mortifying us, we should speedily have come to an understanding. This she was not willing to do, and, as you see, she is likely to be satisfied. But I have sufficient confidence in the dignity of our rulers to be convinced that "they will interrupt at this point all conversation on this subject." After a moral rebuff like that which we are experiencing, there is nothing further to say or to ask. We have only to maintain silence. We make no further demands. We shall bide our time, perhaps for years. Nations do not perish like individuals. They need not show an infantile impatience, which is out of place in peoples alive to their destinies." In England it is thought that if the existing trouble passes away and the *status quo ante* result French resentment will not be of long duration. But will the existing trouble pass away? That is what Lord Salisbury and his colleagues may know; the country looks on wondering whether there is anything behind, which causes the exceptional activity at all our garrison towns, dockyard ports and arsenals, and which prevents Mr. Goschen from attending the annual Cutler's Feast at Sheffield, because it is "absolutely impossible for him to leave the admiralty where his continuous presence is necessary." Your readers will have gathered from what I have said that the country is backing up the Government as strongly as ever. The exceptions to the views put forward by the Liberal leaders—"apes of Ashmead Bartlett" Mr. Labouch re style them—are almost too insignificant to be noticed. The excellent but preternaturally meek Mr. Thomas Burt, M. P. expresses horror at the recent speech of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, which possibly was too strong, and Mr. Atherley-Jones, M. P. who, as was shown in his action with reference to the Home Rule question, likes to be singular, writes to the *Times* protesting against the view that, the line adopted by M. Delcasse at the outset was at all unreasonable. I cannot recall any other remarks of the same character from any important public man. Even at the meeting of the "British branch of the International Society of Journalist friends of Peace" a reference by the Chairman, Mr. Fox Bourne of the Aborigines Protection Society to the cowardly action of England towards France" produced an animated disclaimer fro m Mr Clayden one of the founders of the Liberal Forward movement. A straw—if Mr. Clayden will forgive the comparison—shows which way the wind blows. It is not without significance that Mr. James Bryce, M. P., who has been a Liberal Cabinet Minister and will be so again, insists that the military control of all the navigable waters of the Bahr-el-Ghazal basin, as well as of the Nile itself, must belong to Egypt—in other words to England.

THE ETONIAN DINNER.

Some two hundred and thirty old Etonians assembled at the Cafe Monico last Friday evening to do honour to the Earl of Minto, Lord Aberdeen's successor as Governor-General of Canada, Lord Curzon of Kedleston and the newly appointed Bishop of Calcutta. It is true that all the great men of England were not present, but the gathering was a very brilliant one; so brilliant indeed that the Chairman, Lord Rosebery, remarked *more suo* that he almost required a pair of smoked glasses to contemplate the various dazzling celebrities who owned their various successes to Eton. His lordship was in good form, and he repeated one of the late Lord Granville's stories *apropos* of a similar festivity. Lord Granville was a guest at a dinner to an outgoing governor of very indifferent powers of speaking, and as the govern r-designate laboured through his speech, Lord Granville in sheer weariness cast his eye on the notes of the speech that lay before him and saw marked in red ink, copiously underlined, the words, "Here dilate on the cotton trade." The rest of the story Lord Rosebery said he had forgotten but with a man of Lord Granville's readiness of resource it is not difficult to surmise that those notes disappeared on the instant, and that the orator very soon followed their example. Lord Rosebery was not pushed by a poverty-stricken imagination to dilate upon cotton, nor did he commit the mistake common on such occasions of overdoing his part. He bestowed judicious but not excessive praise of the members of the Etonian Triple Alliance, and did not disdain to indulge in a little banter at the expense of the new Viceroy. "Lord Curzon" he said "has this additional advantage in his favour—that he is reviving a dormant class, the Irish peerage." It is supposed that Lord Rosebury was thinking of the indignation of one of Lord Curzon's predecessors when offered an Irish Marquisat. "Wellesley" writes Lord Rosebery in his book on Pitt, "speaks in the bitterest terms of the anguish of mind he felt, that the impression produced in India would be fatally detrimental to his Government, and that the slur inflicted by this 'Irish' 'Pinchbeck' reward affected both his health and his spirits." Lord Minto made modest reply to the toast of his health, but a sly hit he made at one of his hosts will be appreciated in India. He saw so many Eton friends around him that he could almost think himself back at the old school again. He saw not only his tutor there, but his Etonian household, so to speak, was also represented in the shape of his fag, "Bill" Beresford, always a thoroughly quiet and reliable attendant. "Bill" Beresford as a quiet attendant is good. Lord Curzon's speech as became one who as the Chairman said is going to undertake the highest post of the three was in a more serious vein, and except for a touch of that immacurity which the Viceroy Designate has not yet outgrown, was exactly suited to the occasion. He recalled some pleasant recollections of holiday trips abroad with "Welldon" some years ago, and said little did they then think that the day would one day come," when at the same time he and I should be going forth to the same great continent, to take our share in that noble work which I firmly belive has been placed, by the inscrutable decrees of Providence, upon the shoulders of the British race"—a formula that stated in those precise terms is apt to make our enemies scoff at English "conventional cant" and English "unctuous rectitude." Lord Curzon quoted and appplied to himself a passage of Carlyles which he said indicated to him "the spirit of courage but yet of humility, of high aspiration, but still more of duty, in which any man should approach" the task of governing a distant possession. He referred to the numerous and more or less imaginative explanations given in the Press as to his reasons for accepting the Viceroyalty. "Is it permissible" he observed "for me to say in this company of old school-fellows and of personal friends, that whatever may have been the views of those who thought me worthy of this office, I gladly accepted it, because I love India, its people, its history, its government, the absorbing mysteries of its civilization and its life?" It is interesting to know that it was an address on India delivered by the late Sir James Fitz-James Stephen that first brought Lord Curzon under the spell of the fascinating land he is about to rule. Formerly the welfare of India was necessary to party interests at home. Nowadays the seat of duty is more sought after. "I do not say "proceeded Lord Curzon "that we have altogether extricated India from the perils and the contamination of the party system. I do not say that our administration of that great Empire is altogether free from blemish or taint. But I do say that it is infused with a spirit of duty, and that it is edited and elevated by that influence. I do say that we think much of the welfare of India and but little of its wealth; that we endeavour to administer the government of that country in the interests of the governed; that our mission there is one of obligation and not of profit, and that we do our humble best to retain by justice that which we may have won by the sword. May we not, indeed, say, that at the end of the 19th century, the spectacle presented by our dominion in India is that of British, sustained by a Christian ideal?" What will the admirers of the Marquis of Ripon say to Lord Curzon's remark that Lord Lansdowne left India amid greater manifestations of popularity, and of regard and esteem, than any departing Viceroy since the Mutiny? According to Lord Rosebery the new Bishop made an eloquent and remarkable speech; but the *Times*, while it devoted upwards of a column of its space dismisses the poor prelate with 19 lines! In these degenerate days great Journals think less of what is said than of those who say it. Lord Roberts also took part in the proceedings, and in proposing the health of the chairman bestowed very warm praise on Lord Rosebery's recent patriotic speeches. Were they not all grateful to Lord Rosebery for having broken the silence he had imposed upon himself for the last four years by those grand patriotic speeches which had been received with feelings of relief and satisfaction throughout the land, and had found a response in the heart of every loyal subject of the Crown? As one who was proud of the unrivalled position which this great Empire now occupied, and who was a firm believer that a glorious future was in store for her, might he say what a deep satisfaction it gave him to read Lord Rosebery's words on the importance of a continuity of a firm and consistent foreign policy. Lord Roberts, and he ought to be a good Judge, is not one of those who entertain misgivings as to the manner in which Lord Curzon will acquit himself in India. He is confident that success awaits the man who stood so high amongst his contemporaries at Eton and Oxford, whose fearless and enterprising travels through India, Persia, and Afghanistan, and whose skilful dealing with the difficult and intricate problems with which he was confronted as Under-Secetary of State for Foreign Affairs, marked him out so eminently qualified to fill the most onorous and most important position a subject of her Majesty could hold.

INDIAN PLAGUE COMMISSION.

The official announcement of the composition of the Plague Commission, and the nature of the inquiries it is about to undertake, was made known last evening. As was anticipated the Presidentship has been conferred upon a medical expert, Dr. Thomas Richard Fraser, who is not only Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine at the University of Edinburgh, but is a Fellow of the Royal Society of England. Of the other scientific men associated with him, one Dr. A. E. Wright is the distinguished Professor of Pathology at the Army Medical School, a post he has held since 1892, and the other Dr. Marc Armand Ruffer is well-known as a bacteriologist, and in connection with the Egyptian Sanitary Department. To those who wished that the Commission should not confine its investigation to India, but deal with plague centres in other lands such as China, Mesopotomia, Arabia and Tropical Africa, the scope of its labours as set forth in the communique to the Press will not be considered altogether satisfactory, but possibly it may be deemed advisable to institute a further and more extended inquiry when the work of the Indian Commissioners comes to an end. I am old that the authorities in India were careful to limit the present inquiry to questions mainly scientific, it being more convenient for the Government qua Government to grapple with the administrative aspects of the case. A section of the public is disposed to regret that this opportunity has not been availed of to thoroughly thrash out the germ theory. The "Glasgow Herald," in its issue of last Saturday, contains an interesting article on the Plague from the pen of "a retired Indian Medical Administrative officer" whose name, if I were at liberty to mention it, would carry weight all over India, and especially in the Western Presidency. Writing before the composition of the commission was fully known, the writer expresses the opinion that Mr. Herber. Birdwood, to whom we in England owe so much for his admirable addresses about the Plague, should certainly be a member, and thinks that he would have made an excellent President. "His knowledge of India, its people and laguages, his great tact and well-known discretion, all indicate his fitness for such a post; and more than all, the great esteem the natives of India hold him in, leads to the hope, that the commission under his guidance would meet with sympathetic action from the leaders of thought among all races in India." Mr. Birdwood suffers from the disability of not being a Brahmin Civilian; in other words a member of the Bengal Service—nor had he the chance given to other Bombayites of making friends with the mammon of unrighteousness at Simla. There are by the way two Bombay men holding high offices at Whitehall just now; but they both graduated at the head quarters of the Supreme Government. However, no where are Mr. Birdwood's services better recognised than in London; and if the commission had not taken such a severely scientific form, there is little doubt I think that the Government would have been glad of his assistance in dealing with a subject he has made peculialy his own, and on which he has bestowed so much painstaking attention.

A FAMOUS CASE AND A PARIS TRAGEDY.

Everybody remembers the Langworthy case which Mr. Stead boomed for all it was worth in the old *Pall Mall* days. The facts as succinctly recalled by one of the London papers are as follows:—Mildred Sabine Palliser Langworthy was the daughter of Mr. William Long, formerly of Belfast and now of Bedford Park, Chiswick. Edward Martin Langworthy was, "at the time the story opens," a widower, his first wife having been a sister of the Earl of Limerick. He was about thirty-five years of age and a very rich man, the nephew of a millionaire Mexican trader. From this uncle he inherited, when he was twenty-one, the handsome fortune of £100,000. Edward Martin Langworthy inherited another fortune of £50,000 under his father's will; but these sums, handsome as they seem to others, were reputed but trifles compared with the wealth that was said to be awaiting him on the death of his mother and aunt After passing through Eton he went to Oxford, and when his university career was complete he ate his dinners at the Inner Temple, and was duly called to the Bar. At the time when he met Miss Long he was in Europe, spending most of his time in his steam yacht Meteor, a floating palace of 235 tons, said to have cost him some £9,000

Miss Long qualified herself as a schoolmistress, and had occupied positions at Richmond and Nouvich when, in February, 1881, she first met Mr. Langworthy in Paris. After a few months they became engaged, and in September 1882 they were married in a Roman Catholic church in the neighborhood of Caen, in Normandy. The young lady seems to have had considerable misgivings about the legality of the marriage, and to quieten her scruples a Presbyterian religious ceremony was subsequently gone through in Antwerp. Mr. Langworthy, however, asked his wife to keep the marriage secret for a year for fear that his mother should disinherit him, and he retained possession of the marriage certificate. Shortly afterwards they went to South America on board the yacht Meteor. On the voyage out Mr. Langworthy learned that his wife was likely to become a mother, and he then, according to Mrs. Langworthy's account, began a systematic course of ill-treatment. At Buenos Ayres, he separated from her, after declaring that their marriage was a sham. The above particulars being the narrative almost up to the point when Mr. Stead appeard upon the scene. Mr. Langworthy having been shipped by her husband on a French vessel that was leaving for Havre returned to her father, and shortly after gave birth to a child. Mr. Stead by some means got hold of the circumstances, and there is no doubt that by his advocacy the unfortunate lady owed the subsequent pecuniary recompense she obtained. The matter first came before the courts by Mrs. Langworthy's efforts to establish the legality of the marriage. In the she was not successful, but Sir James Hannen before whom the trial was heard, ordered her to be paid alimony at the rate of £1,200 a year. Mr. Langworthy declined to pay a penny, and eventually proceedings were instituted against him for breath of promise of marriage. The last-named action had an abrupt and dramatic termination. Mr. Langworthy, to the surprise of everyone, came forward with a proposal of settlement. He agreed to pay Mr. Langworthy £20,000 down and to settle £500 a year on his daughter Gladys. A few years ago it was reported that Mr. Langworthy had died in the Argentine. Of Mrs. Langworthy nothing had been heard for some time, until the other day she and her daughter, together with a gentleman who described himself as her husband, were staying at the Grand Hotel in Paris. On Thursday, the 27th ultimo, Miss Langworthy was sent to England. On the following day Mrs. Langworthy, after a few hours illness, died, according to the certificate of the French doctor from cerebral hemorrhage. Shortly afterwards the gentleman blew his brains out with a fouling piece after writing several letters, declaring that he no longer had any object in life and was disgusted with it. It was assumed at first that Mr and Mrs. Langworthy had become reconciled, but this was before people remembered the report of his having died in the Argentine. The identity of the gentleman who shot himself in the Paris hotel a week ago is still in doubt. The Press has been trying to solve the mystery, but so far without success. It appears that both bodies have been cremated

MR. J. M. MACLEAN, M.P.

The coming visit of Mr. J. M. Maclean, M. P., to India is attracting considerable interest in Anglo-Indian circles and amongst his numerous friends at the Carlton and Baldwin clubs. The Baldwin Club is a select social club in Pall Mall mainly, if not frequently attended by devotees of whist, and where, by the rules the points must be small. It is proposed to offer Mr. Maclean a "send off" dinner previous to his departure for Bombay, and Sir Thomas Sutherland, M.P., has at the request of the organisers, consented to take the chair at what promises to be an interesting and representative gathering. Mr. Maclean has, I am glad to say, recovered from the effects of the serious operation he underwent three months ago, and is now able to devote himself to public work with his accustomed energy.

SIR GEORGE BIRDWOOD AND THE INDIA OFFICE.

Sir George Birdwood's retirement, at the close of the extra year's service granted him, on reaching his sixty seventh birthday on the 8th proximo, is causing among those interested something like "panic," to use the actual word employed by a high official connected with the Paris Exhibition of 1900. Both at the offices of the Royal Commission of the Exhibition, and at the Imperial Institute, the opinion is openly expressed that his great experience, special knowledge, and unflagging enthusiasm are indispensable; and deep concern is expressed at his rumoured unwillingness to continue in official harness any longer. He is an active member of the Exhibition Commission, and his connection with the Indian Department of the Imperial Institute is well known; indeed there is little doubt that if it had not been for his exertions, there would be no Indian Department at the Imperial Institute at all, and in other ways the Institute owes much more to him than perhaps many of the ornamental persons connected with it are fully aware.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Lady Martin (nee Helen Faucit), General Sir Edward Lugard, Sir Sydney Webb, Dr. Staley, late Bishop of Honolulu, General T. A. S. Faulknor, General W. A. Riach, Lieutenant-General C. W. Tremenheere, C. B., Major-General Rowland Hill, R. A., Major General H. T. Rogers, R. E., Canon Clark Bardeley, author of that interesting book "English Surnames," Mr. Latimer Clark, the distinguished railway and telegraph engineer, Mr. Andrew Usher, the Edinburgh distiller, Mrs. Frances Minto Elliot, authoress, and M. James Petrovitch Polonsky, the Russian poet and novelist.

ORGAN RECITAL AT THE WESLEYAN CHURCH.

THE new Organ, a free gift to the Wesleyans from a very generous anonymous donor was opened on Thursday evening at 6 o'clock. The opening took the form of a recital by Mr. T. Ralph Douse interspersed with anthems by the choir, and a solo by the Rev. J. Reed the well-known and much appreciated bass soloist of Poona. Admission into the sacred building was, as had been announced in the papers by ticket until five minutes before six, when the Church was open to all. From half-past five when the doors were opened, there was an uninterrupted stream of people making their way into the building, and when the Recital commenced, the Church was well filled, while some of the audience were accommodated with seats in the room adjoining, from whence they could both see and here. The first morcean was Sir Geo. Elvey's Inauguration Simphonia, a bright varied piece well adapted to show the capacity of the organ, and the capabilty of the performer. The symphony was very clearly and sympathetically rendered. This was followed by an Impromptu in F. G. in which the pretty Piccolo played a prominent part. The followingpiece was an Air Varie, "O Sanctissima" by Geo. Hepworth. The familiar air (Sicillan Mariners Hymn) played with the *Oboe* stop and on the bass clef, was most pleasing. This was followed by a soft variation with the *Voix Celestes* predominating and this again by a *fortissimo* passage with the pedal action executed in a masterly manner. The other pieces played by Mr Douse were a Postlude in A, (Sir John Stainer). Canzona (Wolstenholme), Sonata Finale (Wm. Sparks) Festal March (Macfarren) and Grand Processional March (Alexandre Puilmant). Of these (each of which was excellent and well-chosen) the Sonata Finale was, we think, the *piece de resistance* of the evening. It was played grandly, with the power of a master, showing all the possibilities of this beautiful new instrument, from the softest sound to the full organ reverberating throughout the edifice. The whole recital was a beautiful musical treat, which must have been a delight to the large audience that sat through it till the doxology was sung by all as a song of dismissal. Of the vocal items we can also speak well. Mr. Reed sang "Pro Peccatis" from the Stabat Mater, he sang excellently as always, but on this occasion a cold, very slightly, and only in one or two notes, interfered with his deep round melodious tones. "Seek ye the Lord" (Roberts) consisted of a Tenor Solo accompanied by the choir. Mr. H. O. Coates sang the solo with great feeling, his voice being heard to greatest advantage in a song of this kind. The pretty sub

ETON AND INDIA.

BANQUET TO LORD CURZON AND DR. WELLDON.

NOTEWORTHY SPEECH BY LORD ROSEBERY.

The Eton dinner to Lord Curzon of Kedleston, Viceroy-Designate of India, the Rev J E C Welldon Bishop-Designate of Calcutta, and the Earl of Minto, Governor-General-Designate of Canada, took place on Oct. 28 at the Café Monico.

The Earl of Rosebery presided, and among those present were the Marquis of Lansdowne, Mr. Balfour M P, Lord Roberts of Kandahar, V C, the Provost of Eton, the Headmaster of Eton, the Earl of Jersey, Lord Harris, Sir A Lyall, the Earl of Onslow, Sir R S Herbert, Sir A West, the Vice Provost of Eton Lord W Beresford, V C, Lord Methuen, Mr St John Brodrick, M P, Mr G Wyndham, M P, Mr Macartney, M P, the Hon F N Curzon, Mr John Murray, Mr Schomberg McDonnell, Sir E Hamilton, Lord Windsor, and many others.

The Chairman, in proposing "The Queen," said:—We like to think that Her Majesty's immediate residence near Eton gives her a direct interest in our Alma Mater. But whether she be so or not, no Briton meets ten other Britons as dinner without drinking with all the force of which he is capable the health of Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India. (Loud cheers.)

The toast having been drunk with great enthusiasm,

The Chairman next rose and said:—We are privileged to-night by having among us the First Lord of the Treasury, Mr. Arthur Balfour—(cheers)—though I am sorry to say that he does not show that courage that he is apt to display on other occasions, and therefore he has entirely declined to take any part in the oratorial feast provided for us. But he cannot be exempted from the common duty of silence, and therefore, as he will not speak, I call upon him to fulfil the humble but necessary task of reading the list of the apologies for absence. (Loud laughter and cheers.)

Mr. Balfour then rose, amid renewed laughter and cheers, and read a long list of those from whom letters of regret had been received:—The names included the Marquis of Dufferin, the Earl of Kimberley, Earl Carrington, Lord Wenlock, and Lord Hawke.

The Chairman in giving the toast of "Our Guests," said:—Fellow Etonians,—This is, I think, in some respects the most remarkable dinner at which I have had the honour of assisting. So brilliant is the gathering that I would almost seem to require a pair of smoked glasses to contemplate the various dazzling celebrities who owe their various successes to Eton, and who are assembled round this table. (Laughter.) And I should be for my part extremely uneasy at my position in the chair were it not that I well understand that, on an occasion like this, the Eton service a chairman can render is to say as little as possible and to obliterate himself. (" No, no.") I remember a story that the late Lord Granville used to tell me—for dinners to outgoing viceroys and governors had not been hitherto unknown as they were habituated Lord Granville was a guest at a dinner to an outgoing governor of very indifferent powers of speaking, and as the governor-designate laboured through his speech Lord Granville in sheer weariness cast his eye on the notes of the speech that lay before him, and saw marked in red ink, copiously underlined, the words "Here dilate on the cotton trade." (Laughter.) I forgot the end of the story, but with a man of Lord Granville's readiness of resource, it is not difficult to surmise that those notes disappeared on the instant, and that the orator very soon followed their example. (Laughter and cheers.) I shall not be guilty to-night, and I trust that the numerous Viceroys who bristle around me, and who are announced to speak, will not either, of dilating on the cotton trade—(Laughter)—and I think that that is a course that will meet with your approbation. But there is another reason that makes it impossible to speak long on this occasion. There is a theory, well known to the Foreign Office, that every ship of war is, wherever it may be found, the territory of the country to which it belongs, and on that hypothesis I hold that this apartment, which bears all the characteristics of a London coffee-room of the most redhead and brilliant kind—laughter—is, after all, Eton territory—is ston: and no one who has had experience of the debates of Parliament, or even of the conversations of Etonians when we were Etonians, will think for a moment otherwise than that brevity is the soul of wit. The words "rot" and "bosh" would have been applied—(laughter)—not, perhaps, improperly, to any one who exceeded the limits of perhaps three or four minutes. (Laughter and cheers.) This leads me into a vein of thought which is not without its complications. If this is Eton territory one at most feels as if the celebration should be essentially Etonian in more ways than one, and I seem to see through a glass darkly, the vision of our Viceroys and Bishop-Designate drinking "long glass" as part of their initiation. On the present occasion there is no "long glass" present, or I am sure that I should receive your support in moving that that ceremony should be undergone. (Laughter) But, after all, there are circumstances in this gathering that are not so hilarious. It is pretty clear that we are all of us a long way from Eton, a long way from "bosh," a long way from "rot," and the other associations that I have endeavoured to recall. We are not, indeed, without connections with Eton. We are honoured to-night with the presence of the Provost and the Headmaster; but otherwise our associations with Eton are getting somewhat dim and distant. They are represented chiefly by the presence of our relations in the first, second, and third generation who are privileged to be pupils within its walls, and I am not sure that there is not an intensified feeling of gloom at finding that you have among your juniors at Eton a Viceroy of India and a Bishop of Calcutta going forth in the full maturity of their powers to discharge those important functions. But, after all, that is a fate that had to come to all of us at some time or another. We had to draw a lengthening chain, lengthening daily as regards our connection with Eton. We must be prepared to see our successors grow up, and we must—it sounds trite to say so—be prepared to be a little older every day. But there is one consolation in getting older as an Etonian—that you keep the pride that has always been in you since you went to Eton, the pride of the prowess of your school. (Cheers.) I never knew but one Etonian who said he did not like Eton, and he very soon went to the devil. (Laughter.) As any of you are privileged to be Viceroys or Bishops, or have to lead a life of greater obscurity, we at any rate may glory in this—that we belong to the school that with an everlasting current of eternal flow turns out the Viceroys, Bishops, and all the Ministers of the Empire that the Empire requires. (Cheers.) The Duke of Wellington said—and I am sure you will excuse this quotation (laughter)—that in the playing-fields of Eton—he did not know how far they were to extend—he thought they were to encompass (cheers)—the battle of Waterloo was won. Oh, but, gentlemen, a great deal more than the battle of Waterloo has been won in the playing-fields of Eton, and that somewhat presumptuous list that is printed on the back of our bill of fare calls to mind how in at least two great dependencies of the Empire—the Indian Empire and, if I may call it, the Canadian Empire—Eton has played a conspicious part. What, for example, would Canada have done without Eton, when out of the last six Viceroys all but one are Etonians. (cheers.) And although my friend Lord Aberdeen is an unhappy exception, I do not doubt but if he could have been he would have been an Etonian. (Laughter and cheers.) Is there not something palpable to us all in the Mater going on turning out the man who govern the Empire almost, as it were unconsciously? But, although I speak in the presence of the Provost, of the Headmaster, of Mr. Durnford, of Mr. Ainger, of Mr. Marindin, and of other great guides of Etonian thought, they will not, I think, dispute the proposition when I say that, however great the learning that Etonians take from Eton may be, the highest and the best part of their education is not the education of the brain, but the education of the character. (Cheers.) It is character that has made the Empire what it is and the rulers of the Empire what they are. (Cheers.) I will not dilate longer on this theme. I wish only to play a slightly conspicuous part on this occasion, and, after all, if we were often to begin to dilate on the merits and the glories of Eton we should not separate to-night. There is another reason that appeals to me to curtail these remarks. One of our distinguished guests, though he was born and nurtured and trained at Eton, has up to very lately occupied the position of headmaster of an establishment which I perhaps, ought not to name on this occasion—(laughter)—but which I am sorry to say is painfully present to our minds about the middle of July. (renewed laughter.) I have no doubt Mr. Welldon's Etonian experience has moulded Harrow into something more like Eton than it used to be. (Cheers.) Of course, of that I have no personal experience or knowledge, but this I do know, that, making a great sacrifice, as menpcall sacrifice, in position and perhaps prestige, giving up one of the most envied of all English positions, he is going out to take the Bishopric of Calcutta under circumstances which must commend him to all his brother Etonians. (Cheers.) He is going to fill the See of Heber, animated, as I believe, by the principles of that noble hymn which wrote, and I firmly believe that one result of his stay in India will be that he will have imparted a new breath of inspiration to Indian Christianity. (Cheers.) I never came to my old college contemporary, Lord Minto. (Cheers.) To most of us he is better known as Melgund, to some of us as Rowley. (Cheers.) Lord Minto's position raises in my mind a controversy which has never ceased to rage in it since I was thirteen years old. I have never been able to make out which has the greatest share in the Government of this Empire—Scotland or Eton. (Laughter.) I am quite prepared to give up our fighting powers to Ireland, because when we have Lord Wolseley and Lord Kitchener, and Roberts, I am sure that Scotland cannot claim to compete. (Laughter.) But when, as in Lord Minto's case, Scotland and Eton, are combined, you have something so irresistible that it hardly is within the power of human eloquence to describe it. (Renewed laughter and cheers.) Lord Minto comes of a governing family—indeed at one time it was thought to be too governing a family. (Laughter.) Under former auspices it was felt that the Elliots perhaps bulked too largely in the administration of the nation. At any rate, whether it was so or not, it was achieved by their merits, and there has been a Viceroy Lord Minto already. There have been innumerable distinguished members of the family in the last century, and there has also been a person, I think, distinguished above all others—that Hugh Elliot who defeated Frederick the Great in repartee at the very summit of his reputation, and went through every adventure that a diplomatist can experience. (Cheers.) And now Lord Minto goes to Canada. I am quite certain, from his experience, from his character and knowledge, from his popularity, that he is destined to make an abiding mark. (Cheers) Lastly, I take the case of our friend who is going to undertake the highest post of the three, because, after all, it is one of the highest posts that any human being can occupy. He goes to it in the full flower of youth, and of manhood, and of success—a combination to which every one must wish well. Lord Curzon has this additional advantage in his favour—that he is revising a dormant case, the Irish peerage. (Laughter and cheers.) Some might think that that implied some new legislative or constitutional development on the part of Her Majesty's Government, but it would be out of my place to surmise this to be the case. But, at any rate, sure I am of this—that Lord Curzon of Kedleston has shown in his position at the Foreign Office qualities of eloquence, of debating power, of argument, which have hardly been surpassed, in the [illegible] of any man, of his standing (Hear hear,) I cannot say—it would be difficult to say—that he has done so indefence of difficult positions, because that would be at once to raise a political issue of the very gravest kind. (Laughter.) But I am quite sure that no Under Secretary has ever had to defend in the House of Commons any but positions of difficulty, and I think the foreign situations are always of that character. I am quite sure that when Lord Curzon has had to defend these situations he has defended them with not less than his customary success. He has devoted special study to India. I believe he has even entered into amicable relations with neighbouring potentates. He will pass from his home of Kedleston in Derbyshire to the exact reproduction of Kedleston in Government House Calcutta. We all hope that in his time India may enjoy a prosperity which has of late been denied to her, and that immunity from war and famine and pestilence may be the blessed prerogative of Lord Curzon's Viceroyalty. (Cheers.) I have only one word more to say before I sit down, and it is this—I think we all must have in our minds, at least some of us must in our minds, some immortal words on the occasion of this gathering so interesting and even so thrilling. Do you all remember the beginning of the tragedy of "Macbeth?" The first witch says:—

> When shall we three meet again,
> In thunder, lightning, or in rain?

The second witch replies:—

> When the hurly-burly's done,
> When the battle's lost or won.

Surely, these significant words must be present to us to-night. You are sending out three eminent men on three vitally important missions to different parts of the Empire. Two of them, at any rate, go for periods of five years, an interval that must think even in this moment of triumph and of joy of the period of their return, "When shall we three meet again?" That must be in the irminds; but this at least we may be sure of, if we are here present or some of us, to greet them on their return when the hurly-burly's done and when the battle is won—for we exclude that—when the battle in won they will have a tale of stewardship which in nobly under, taken and triumphantly achieved, one which has helped to wield the Empire which we all have it at heart to maintain, one which will redound to their own credit, and which will do if even but a little, for there is so much to be added to, to add to the glory and the credit of our mother Eton. I propose the health of Lord Minto, Lord Curzon, and the Rev. J. E. C. Welldon. (Loud cheers.)

The Earl of Minto, who was warmly greeted on rising to acknowledge the toast, said he felt, above all, that that occasion was not only a gathering of old friends assembled to say "Goodbye," but a recognition by his old schoolfellows of the high honour the Queen had conferred upon him. (Cheers.) No one could appreciate that honour more than he did—the honour of being associated with the government of their great Colonial Empire. (Cheers.)

Lord Curzon of Kedleston, who was received with loud cheers said:—This gathering to-night, composed as it of old schoolfellows, old friends, of men who have inherited the same traditions and are loyal to the same collegiate mother, is a compliment which, I am sure, the happy trio who are fortunate enough to be your guests are never likely to forget. But if there is anything that could enhance the special significance and value of that compliment, it would consist in the fact that Lord Rosebery has consented to occupy the chair, and in the speech to which we listened a short time ago. (Cheers.) It will ever be memorable to me, whose public life has been associated with one political party, that, at this turning-point in my fortunes, my health has been proposed by one who has been the leader of the rival political party. (Cheers.) And it will be memorable to all of us, your guests this evening, that, as we are starting for our different spheres of work, the farewell to which we have listened should have proceeded from the lips of an ex-prime Minister of England. (Cheers.) Surely there is something of good omen in this combination. For, after all, we, each of us, are going out to occupy, if the expression may be permitted, a different seat in that craft of Empire of which Lord Rosebery once pulled the stroke oar. (Hear hear.) From his lips we have all of us, on many occasions, imbibed the lessons, of an Imperialism, exalted, but not arrogant, fearless, but not rash—(cheers)—an Imperialism which is very day becoming less and less the creed of a party and more and more the faith of a nation (Loud cheers.) I have said that we are especially fortunate in our hosts and in our chairman. But may I, for myself, also claim a particular good fortune in the person of one of my fellow-guests. When twenty years ago Welldon and I lived together in Paris in the house of a French apothecary, to study the French language—(laughter)—when, at a later date we crossed together the United States of America and together viewed the cataracts of Niagara and the Yosemite Valley; when, on another occasion, in the company of a very dear friend, also present to-night, the head-master of Haileybury, we rode together across the mountain and valley of Greece, little did we think that the day would one day come when at the same time he and I should be going forth to the same great continent to take our share in that noble work which I firmly believe has been placed, by the inscrutable decrees of Providence, upon the shoulders of the British race. (Cheers.) I congratulate India upon having obtained such a successor to the See of Heber and of Cotton. (Cheers.) I congratulate myself that I shall have as my spiritual and episcopal master one of my oldest and dearest of friend. Lord Rosebery has spoken in gracious terms of the circumstances under which I have accepted this appointment There is a passage in the writings of. Thomas Carlyle which in this connection, has always haunted my mind. This is what that acute, but rugged, old philosopher said:—

"I have sometimes thought what a thing it would be could the Queen in Council pick out some gallant-minded, stout cadet, and say to him, 'Young fellow, if there do lie in your potentialities of governing, of gradually guiding, leading, and coercing to a noble goal, how sad it is that they should be all lost. See, I have scores of Colonies. One of these you shall have as vice-king. Go you, and buckle with it in the name of Heaven, and let us see what you will build it to.'"

Well, though these words were spoken of the West Indian Colonies, I think that, mutatis mutandis, they are equally applicable to the East Indian Empire, and they indicate to me the spirit of courage, but yet of humility, of high aspiration, but still more of duty, in which any man should approach such a task. (Hear, hear.) I have often seen during the past few weeks my acceptance of this office attributed to a variety of causes—to personal ambition, to the disappointment of parliamentary hopes, to failing health. (Laughter.) My own experience of public life, which has been, I think, wide and I think that the simplest explanation of the phenomenon of human action, human beings being, more or less, always cast in the same mould, is apt to be the most correct, and the recondite is often the fallacious as well as the obscure. (Laughter.) Is it possible, I wondered, for me to say in this company of old school-fellows and of personal friends that, whatever may have been the views of those who thought we worthy of this office, I gladly accepted it, because I love India, its peoples, its history, its government, its mysteries of its civilisation and its life! I think it was first while I was at Eton that a sense of its over whelming importance dawned upon my mind. There we were perpetually invited by a body of assiduous and capable mentors—I need hardly say I refer to the Eton masters—(laughter)—and we responded with greater or less reluctance to the appeal, to contemplate the majesty, the law, and the living influence of the Empire of Rome. We had at Eton, and I hope it is still flourishes, an institution called the Literary Society of which I believe my friend Welldon was the first president, and in which I afterwards had the honour to follow in his footsteps. To this society, from time to time came down eminent men of every pursuit in us wider world outside. Among those distinguished persons who came in my day was Sir James Fitz James Stephen, but just returned from India for—father of my dear friend Jim Stephen, the "K. C. S." of literary world, that Himalayan intellect that, alas! too soon plunged into the abyss and was lost from view. (Hear, hear.) Sir James Stephen came down to Eton and told the boys that listened to him, of whom I was one, that there was in that ancient continent an empire more populous, more amazing and more confident than that of Rome; that the rulers of that great dominion were drawn from the men of our own people that some of them might perhaps be in the future be drawn from the ranks of the boys we were then listening to his words. Ever since that day and still more since my first visit to India in 1887, the fascination, and if I may say so, the sacredness of India has grown: upon me until I have come to think that it is perhaps the highest honour that can be placed upon any subject of the Queen that, in any capacity, high or low, he should devote such energies as he may possess to its services. (Cheers.) But may I carry my suggestion one step further? May I not say that the growth of the ideal of duty has been the most salient feature in the history of our relations with India during the past hundred years and still more during the reign of the present Queen? (Cheers.) A century ago India, in the hands of the East India Company, was regarded as a mercantile investment, the business of whose promoters and agents was to return as large dividends as possible, and the larger, of course, to the shareholder, to the pockets of their shareholders at home. In the course of these proceedings many of those men amassed great wealth almost beyond the dreams of avarice—wealth, the display of which was apt to be vulgar and the source of which was often impure. Indian posts, low as well as high, were the spoils of political patronage at home, and exclusively distributed according to the narrowest and most selfish exigences of party policies at home. We have only to look to the treatment of Warren Hastings to realise how little the welfare of India was thought of in comparison with the loss or gain to Whigs and Tories in London. I do not say that we have altogether extricated India from the perils and the contamination of the party system. I do not say that our administration of that great empire is altogether free from blots or taint. But I do say that it is informed with a spirit of duty, and that it is edified and elevated by that influence. I do say that we think much of the welfare of India and but little of its wealth—(hear, hear)—that we endeavour to administer the government of that country in the interests of the governed; that our mission there is one of obligation and not of profit, and that we do our humble best to retain by justice that which we have won by the sword. (Cheers.) May we not, indeed, say that, at the end of this nineteenth century, the spectacle presented by our dominion in India is that of British power sustained by a Christian ideal? (Cheers.) What, then, is the conception of his duty that an outgoing Viceroy should set before himself? I have no new or startling definition to give, but the light in which it presents itself to my mind is this. It is his duty, first and foremost, to represent the authority of the Queen-Empress, whose name, revered more than the name of any other living Sovereign by all races and classes, from Cape Comorin to the Himalayas, is in India both a bond of union and a symbol of power, and associated with the personal attributes that cling about that name, the conviction that the justice of her Government is inflexible, that its honour is stainless, and that its energy is in proportion to its strength. (Cheers.) Secondly, he should try to remember that all its people are not the sons of our own race, and that it is only by regard for their feelings, by respect for their prejudices—I will even go so far as to say by deference to their scruples—that we can obtain the acquiescence as well as the submission of the governed. (Cheers.) Thirdly, it is to recognise that, though relatively far advanced in the scale of civilization compared with the time Lord Wellesley or even Lord Canning, India is still but ill-equipped with the material and industrial and educational resources which are so necessary to her career and so to work that she may, by slow but sure degrees, expand to the full measure of her growth. And, lastly, it is to preserve intact and secure either from internal convulsion or external inroad, the boundaries of that great and Imperial dominion. (Loud cheers.) This, I would venture to suggest, is the conception which every outgoing Viceroy sets before himself. He is probably unwise if he attempts to fill in the details too closely in advance. The experience in which he must be sadly lacking at the start, but which will come to him in increasing volume day by day, will with slow, and sometimes with painful touch, fill in the details as he proceeds. For, after all—and I speak to those, if there are any here present, who have travelled in the East, and have caught the fascination of its mysterious surroundings—the East is a University in which the scholar never takes his degrees. (Hear, hear.) It is the temple in which the suppliant adores but never catches sight of the object of his devotion; it is a journey the goal of which is always in sight but is never attained. There we are always learners, always worshippers, always pilgrims. I rejoice to be allowed to take my place in that great band of students and of wayfarers who have trodden that path for a hundred years. I know I have everything to learn. I have, perhaps, many things to unlearn. But if the test of the pupil be application, and if the test of the worshipper be faith, I hope I may pass through the ordeal unscathed. (Cheers.) At any rate, I have, among the long list of names inscribed on this back of these menu, the example of three immediate Eton predecessors to guide me—of Lord Dufferin—(cheers)—whose Indian Viceroyalty was but the culminating point in a career which for over thirty years has been the property less of himself than of his country—(cheers)—of Lord Lansdowne—(cheers)—who left India amid greater manifestations of popularity and of regard and esteem than any departing Viceroy since the Mutiny—(cheers)—and of my immediate predecessor, Lord Elgin—(cheers)—who has confronted a time of storm and stress with a fortitude and a composure which are worthy of the high name he bears and of the race from which he is sprung. (cheers.) I know that with these distinguished predecessors I cannot hope to compete. But there is one characteristic which I share in common with them which we possess from our common part in the Eton heritage, and that is the desire to be true to the honour and the credit of that ancient foundation. (Cheers.) I am not so foolish to-night as to utter any vain prophecies or to indulge in any illusive hopes. But I should be satisfied if I can carry out the work which they have begun, and if at the end of my time it can be said of me that I have not been unworthy of the traditions of the greatest and the noblest of schools. (Loud cheers.)

The Bishop-designate of Calcutta, who was also loud a cordial reception, said he went to India because he believed with all his heart in the Imperial Christian mission of the English race and the British Empire. (Cheers.) He saw that Empire extending over wide regions of the earth, and he did not think that the influence of that Empire would be, or could be as beneficent as it should be unless it was sanctified by religion. (Cheers.) He went with no feeling of contempt, but but rather with deep respect, for the ancient and venerable faiths with which he should come almost every day into contact. He took to himself, if he might, the words which a great Frenchman—M. Guizot—addressed to one of his distinguished predecessors then entering upon office, "Make fathers and good Christians." After all, the best work that could be done for the Empire lay in the example of the lives of the European population, graces by the virtues of Christianity. (Cheers.)

The Marquis of Lansdowne: I have now to propose a toast which will be a serious one on the present occasion. It is "Floreat Etona" (Cheers.) I cannot help thinking that that toast has been entrusted to me because I am regarded as the old stager of this evening's performance. I have served in the cold climate in which Lord Minto is about to proceed, and in the very intimate of the great dependency to which Lord Curzon and Mr. Welldon are going; and I hope I may be allowed, in the character of an expert, to predict that both Lord Curzon and Lord Minto will win new laurels in their new spheres, and will be the pride of their old school. (Cheers.) As to the Bishop-Designate, I cannot pretend that I have ever been a Bishop—(laughter)—but, as one who lived for five year in the shadow of the Cathedral of Calcutta, after hearing his noble words of the Bishop-Designate I believe that he will leave a lasting mark on India. (Hear, hear.) I make one little plea which I hope Lord Curzon will entertain—I hope he will continue the practice of giving the annual Eton dinner. Our gatherings were small, as Lord Roberts knows, but they were select. When the school was celebrating its jubilee the authorities received from India the congratulations of the Viceroy, the Governors of Bombay and Madras, the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal and North-West Provinces, and, last, but not least, the Commander-in-Chief in India—all Eton boys and all proud of their old school. (Cheers.) On one occasion, which I think Lord Roberts will remember, we were only thirteen. We could not sit down with that melancholy number, and we captured a new boy, and I am happy to say that if that Harrow boy had been Major Marindin and we could not have treated him in a more conciliatory manner. I rather think he withdrew after dinner. (Laughter.) But I am diverging from the toast. No one speaks in a more loyal and affectionate feelings with which old Eton boys drink this toast. We have a deep belief in the school, inits puts, its present, and its future. I have much pleasure in proposing this toast and in coupling with it the name of the Provost of Eton. (Cheers.)

The Provost of Eton, in returning thanks, spoke of the continued success of the school, which was demonstrated by the great assembly before him. Certainly Eton boys seemed to shift in the world pretty well (Loud laughter.)

Lord Roberts of Kandahar proposed "The Chairman." (Loud cheers.) They all knew what Lord Rosebery was, as an Etonian, a statesman, and a sportsman, and they also knew how high a place he held in the respect and admiration of his countrymen. In Lord Rosebery they all recognised a man in whom he nation trusts, and in whose hands all classes of the British public feel that the honour and dearest interests of their country were safe. Were they not all grateful to Lord Rosebery for having broken the silence he had imposed upon himself for the last four years by those grand patriotic speeches which had been received with feelings of relief and satisfaction throughout the land—loud cheers—and had found a response in the heart of every loyal subject of the Crow? (cheers of cheers.) As one who was proud of the unrivalled position which this great Empire now occupied, and who was a firm believer that a glorious future was in soon for her, might he say what a deep satisfaction it gave him to read Lord Rosebery's words on the importance of a continuity of a firm and consistent foreign policy. (Hear, hear.) And as a soldier he expressed the opinion that in order to give effect to this much desired continuity they must have a thoroughly efficient Army as well as a thoroughly efficient Navy. (Hear, hear.) In more respects than one he was "the least of the Etonians." Soldiering was commenced earlier in the days of his youth than it was at present, and his career at Eton was cut short by his having to enter sandhurst sooner than was necessary nowadays. Nevertheless his association with Eton was continued long enough to engender in him that love and veneration for the old school which was, he ventured to think, a distinct feature of Etonianing. And therefore, if, after his after life what a privilege it was to have been an Eton boy. (Cheers.) It rejoiced him when he was in India to find how many responsible positions were filled by old Etonians. Out of the ten Viceroys who governed during his forty-one years in that country four were educated at Eton, and during his tenure of office as Commander-in-Chief the majority of the highest appointments were held by Etonians. The Marquis of Dufferin, whose absence they so much regretted, and their noble friend the Marquis of Lansdowne—(cheers)—were Viceroys, Lords Wenlock and Harris were Governors respectively of Madras and Bombay. Sir Rivers Thompson and Sir Steuart Bayley ruled in Bengal, and the brothers Lyall, Sir Alfred and Sir James, were Lieutenant-Governors of the North-West Provinces and the Punjab. Sir Richard Garth was Chief Justice of Bengal, Sir Lyttelton Bayley was a Puisne Judge in Bombay, and General the Hon. Sir Arthur Hardinge was commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army. The present Viceroy was an Etonian, and they had come together to wish success and prosperity to three distinguished Etonians, two of whom he was bound to declare, Lord Curzon of Kedleston had become Viceroy and Governor-General of whose powers they all felt confident that full Justice would be done by the man who stood so high amongst his contemporaries at Eton and Oxford, whose fearless and enterprising travels through India, Persia, and Afghanistan, and whose skilful dealing with the many difficult and intricate problems with which he was confronted as Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs marked him out so eminently qualified to fill the most onerous and most important position a subject of this Empire could hold. (Cheers.) After referring to Lord Minto and Mr. Welldon, Lord Roberts proposed the toast, which was heartily cheered.

The Chairman, in responding, said he deserved no thanks for presiding, because it was to him a great pleasure and pride to be there to meet Etonians and to join them in giving a good send off to two friends like Lord Minto and Lord Curzon. It was an additional pleasure to him to hear the eloquent and remarkable speech of the Bishop-Designate of Calcutta. They had heard speakers speculate as to what it was due that Etonians attained such success in the State. He thought no one who had listened to the speech would be in doubt, as to how they learnt their oratory. (Cheers.) He thought that that was a very remarkable and interesting gathering. He should like to propose that it be annually renewed, but he was loping to do nothing of the kind. He thought that there was one obstacle to any such proposition. There were such passions in the human mind as jealousy and envy, (Laughter,) Think of having annually paraded to the world the overwhelming success of Eton, He would go further and say that these might arise in the various organs of the Press and in public opinion a sort of suspicion that there was some secret behind it all and that they were governing the country in the interest of the college. (Laughter.) What would Eton say if an infuriated mob fell upon it and massacred the innocents before they could grow up into criminals? (Renewed laughter.) Again, think what might happen if some distinguished foreigners came here, knowing as much about England as people knew here of the countries from which the distinguished foreigners came—(laughter)—and said that this Constitution was said to be a limited Monarchy, but it was nothing of the kind; a despot reigned in the keep of Windsor Castle and up dermeath the shadow of that fastness there was a great seminary under the superintendence of old scenes order and that was the way the British Empire was conducted and governed. (Loud laughter.) They might meet once in ten years, but he adjured them if they had at heart the interest of their school not to tax too hard the patience of humanity by having an annual renewal of that glorious day. (Chee rs and laughter.)

DANCING DIVINES.

[Dr. Welldon has contributed to the "Should Curates Dance?" discussion a pronouncement that the practice is "lawful."]

> List and learn, ye clinging clerics,
> Clerics pale and clerics red,
> Folk are troubled with hysterics,
> And the harshest things are said.
> They maintain that when you're chancing
> To indulge in the entrancing
> Habit of nocturnal dancing Thunderbolts
> should smite your head.
> They observe with some impatience
> Your innocuous gyrations
> With your feminine relations,
> Clerics pale and clerics red.
> But the learned Head of Harrow
> Soon to go to "foreign parts,"
> Takes a view not near so narrow
> Of your mastery of arts.
> With the judgment of an Elder
> Speaks the gracious Dr. Welldon,
> "Laymen dance in public view,
> Therefore, clerics, why not you?"
> Now ye know, ye clinging clerics,
> How to answer such wild hysterics;
> Ye may dance till all adance rejoice,
> Clerics pale and clerics red.
>
> —Truthful in the *World*.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE,—Nov. 4.

ARRIVALS REPORTED.

Mr B B Newbould, BCS	Col D F Bateman
Mr E A De Brett, BCS	Capt J Strachey
Mr R McG Spence, B	Lieut C A Milward
Mr T M Dick, B	Lieut C W Tribe
Mr C G W Clogstoun, M	Lieut F G H Sutton
Mr W S Shaw, Bo	Lieut J E Hughes
Comdr W Mitchell	Lieut A K Heyland
Comdr T Westwood	Lieut M Syngs

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Mr J W Hanlon, B, 3 mos	Lieut G P R Beaman, 20 days
Mr J R Drummond, B, 13 days	Lieut E C L Wallace, 1 mo
Lt-Col G F Wilson, 2 days	Lieut A E Pinch, 6 mos
Major H L Hutchins, 21 days	Lieut H A Gth, 3 mos
Capt J F Whyte, 5 days	Lieut N B Dunscombe, 10 days
Capt A Giles, 3 mos	Sub-Condr R Jessiman, 2 mos
Capt A Grant, 4 days	

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

Mr L C Adami, BCS	Capt L E Elliott
Mr H W Ronaldson, B	Lieut E Barnardiston
Brig-Gen C A Cunningham	Lieut W A Stokes
Capt W H Fasken	Lieut F Shakespeare
Capt A R Denne	Lieut E E Preston

DEATHS.

Major-Gen H T Rogers, R (Mad) E Ret, Nov 2
Lt-Gen C W Tremenheere, CB, R (Bom) E Ret, Oct 28
Gen J A S Faulknor, Bom Infantry, Oct 28.

INDIA OFFICE NOV. 1.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps, the Indian Medical Service, and Indian Army Departments made by the Government of India:—

Indian Staff Corps.—To be Majors: Captains G. W. S. Fryer and G. H. Loch. To be Lieutenant; Sec, Lieut, W. R. Ross.

Indian Medical Service.—To be Surgeon-Colonel: Brigade Surg.-Lt.-Col. D. Sinclair, Madras Establishment. Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels to be Brigade-Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonels.—Madras Establishment.—H. F. P. F. Esmonde-White, W. R. Browne, M. D., A. H. Leaping well, H. Allison, M. D., T. J. H. Wilkins, Bombay Establishment.—J. P. Greany, M.D. Surgeon-Lieutenants to be Surgeon-Captains:—Bengal Establishment.—J. Stephenson, F. N. Windsor, W. B. Turnbull, E. E. Waters, A. Leventon, F. F. Chapman. Madras Establishment.—F. L. Blenkinsop, E. M. Illington, T. B. Watson, G. G. Webster, Bombay Establishment.—A. Hooton, A. F. W. King, R. F. Standage, A. A. Gibbs, H. A. F. Knapton.

Indian Subordinate Medical Department.—Bengal Establishment.—To be Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain:—Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, R. M. Blaker. First-class Assistant-Surgeons to be Senior Assistant-Surgeons, with the honorary rank of Surgeon Lieutenant:—I Burnett, J. Brown, W. P. O'Connor.

Indian Army Departments.—Assistant Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, to be Deputy-Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Captain:—J. Eschiel, Commissariat-Transport Depts., Bombay; E. Robinson, Ordnance Dept., Bengal; G. Young, Commissariat-Transport Dept., Bombay. Deputy-Assistant-Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, to be Assistant-Commissaries:—J. McDermott, Bengal miscellaneous list; J. Craigie, Commissariat Transport Dept. Bengal; A. Watt, Public Works Dept., India. Conductors to be Deputy Assistant-Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant:—W. C. Reader, Madras Public Works Dept.; C. R. Hardy, Bengal Miscellaneous List. Ordnance Dept, Bengal,—J. J. Land, W. C. Parfitt, T. Thorne, G. W. Gurr. W. H. Turkington, Ordnance Dept. Madras,—P. Sweeney, Ordnance Dept, Bombay.—J. A. Holland, Commissariat Transport Dept, Bengal,—L. Falkland, M. Neill Commissariat-Transport Dept, Madras,—E. H. B. Williams, Commissariat-Transport Dept., Bombay,—P. Phillips, Bengal Miscellaneous List,—T. R. Mundy, H. J. Marcoolyn, A. Edwards.

The Queen has also approved of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned officers:—

Indian Staff Corps.—Lt.-Col. D. E. Gouldsbury Major R. F. M. Johnstone.

Bengal Cavalry.—Major-Gen. H. H. P. Cowper

Indian Medical Service.—Surg.-Gen. J. Cleghorn, M.D., C.S.I., Bengal Establishment; Lt.-Col, J. J. Moran, M.D., Madras Establishment.

Indian Army Departments.—Deputy Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Captain:—F. Waller, Ordnance Dept., Bengal, J. Cody, Commissariat-Transport Dept., Bombay; J. Fairley, India Public Works Dept.

The Queen has also approved of the resignation of the Service by the undermentioned officer:—

Indian Medical Service,—Capt, W. C. Sprague, M.D., Bombay Establishment.

The following appointments have been made to the Staff in India:—

Capt. F. G. Cardew, I. S. C. to be an Assistant Secretary, Military Dept., Government of India vice Lt.-Col. F. A. Buckland, vacated. Lt.-Col, M. H. O. Welch, I. S. C, to be an Assistant Adjutant-General, vice Major J. W. Currie, vacated, Capt. C. H. Hutchinson, R. A., to be a Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General R. A. vice Capt, C. de C. Hamilton whose tenure has expired. Cap, W. K. McLeod, R.A, to be a Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General, R.A. vice Major A. R. A. Butcher, vacated. Major A. J. W. Allen, E. Kent Regt, to be a Station Staff Officer. First Class, vice Major C. T. Becker, vacated, Major H. H. Bantham, 19th Hussars, to be Assistant Military Secretary, and A.D.C. to Gen. Sir W. S. A. Lockhart, G. C. B., K.C.S.I., commanding the forces, Punjab.—*London Gazette.*

THE DREYFUS CASE TO BE RETRIED.

The Court of Cassation, on Oct. 24, decided to grant revision in the Dreyfus case. There is to be a "supplementary investigation," which will be undertaken by the Court itself, though (according to the *Times'* correspondent) with closed door-. The application for the release of Dreyfus is refused, as that would raise the presumption that he was innocent. If the Court decide, as the result of re-investigation, that he is in point of fact innocent, it is said that he will be released.

After four hours' deliberation, the Court of Cassation gave the following decision:—

In view of the letter of the Minister of Justice of Sept. 20, 1898; in view of the arguments submitted by the Public Prosecutor attached to the Court of Cassation denouncing to the Court the condemnation pronounced by the first Court-martial of the Military Court of Paris on Dec. 22, 1894, on Alfred Dreyfus then Captain of Artillery, attached to the General Staff of the Army; in view of all the documents of the case and also of Articles 443 to 445 of the Code of Criminal Procedure amended by the law of June 10, 1895 on the admissibility, in proper form of an application for revision, where as the Court has had the matter brought before it by its Public Prosecutor in virtue of an express order of the Minister of Justice acting after having taken the opinion of the Commission established by Article 444 of the Code of Criminal Procedure; whereas the application comes within the category of cases provided for by the last paragraph of Article 443, and has been introduced within the period fixed by Article 444; whereas, finally the judgment, the revision of which is asked for, has the force of chose jugee, as regards the state of the case, whereas the document produced do not absolve the Court in a position to pass on all the merits of the case, and there is ground for making a supplementary inquiry, for these reasons the Court declares the application in proper form and legally admissible; stace that it will institute a supplementary inquiry and declares that there is no ground for deciding at the present moment on the Public Prosecutor's application for the suspension of the penalty.

M.

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ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' is the best and simplest preparation for REGULATING the action of the LIVER that has yet been discovered, and removes effete gouty, rheumatic matter, or any form of poison from the blood. No one should go for a change of air WITHOUT a SUPPLY of THIS INVALUABLE PREPARATION.

FEVERISH COLDS, SCARLET FEVER, SMALL POX, PYÆMIA, ERYSIPELAS, MEASLES, GANGRENE, and almost every mentionable disease.—"I have been a nurse for ten years, and have nursed cases of Scarlet Fever, Pyæmia, Erysipelas, Measles, Gangrene, Cancer, and almost every mentionable disease. During the whole time I have not been ill myself for a single day, and this I attribute in a great measure to the use of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' which has kept my BLOOD in a PURE STATE. I recommend it to all my patients during convalescence. ITS VALUE as a MEANS of HEALTH CANNOT be OVER-ESTIMATED." —A PROFESSIONAL NURSE (*Qualified*).

THE VALUE OF ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' CANNOT BE TOLD.

Its success in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Australia, and New Zealand proves it.

There is no doubt that where ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED a SERIOUS ILLNESS. Its effect on any DISORDERED and FEVERISH condition is SIMPLY MARVELLOUS. It is in fact NATURE'S OWN REMEDY, and AN UNSURPASSED ONE.

CAUTION.—Examine each bottle, and see the capsule is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' Without it, *you have been imposed on by a WORTHLESS IMITATION.* Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., at the 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

HUNTLY BLEND OF

REGISTERED BB

ALL MERCHANTS.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY — HUNTLY BOTTLING STORES GLASGOW.

Facsimile of Label.

AGENTS:

TURNER MORRISON & Co. BOMBAY.

DINNEFORD'S

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

EDWARDS'

HARLENE FOR THE HAIR

THE GREAT HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER

Is the Best Dressing, specially prepared and Perfumed for Toilet Use. Prevents the Hair falling off and turning grey. Unequalled for Promoting the Growth of the Beard and Moustache.

THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY FOR BALDNESS.

For Curing Weak Thin Eyelashes, Preventing and Strengthening, and Rendering the Hair beautifully Soft. For removing Superfluous Hair use Edwards' Depilatory. Harmless for Removing Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, It is without a rival. Physicians and Analysts certify that it contains no lead or other injurious ingredients. 1/-, 2/6, and (triple size) 5/6 per bottle.

Sold by Chemists and Storesall over the world.

EDWARDS' HARLENE CO., 95 & 96, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.

BEST AND SAFEST APERIENT.

RECOMMENDED AND PRESCRIBED BY MEDICAL MEN EVERYWHERE.

Hunyadi János

ANNUAL SALE EXCEEDS SIX MILLION BOTTLES.

The "BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL" says of "Hunyadi János":—"It has established itself in favour with leading physicians and therapeutists of every country, whose testimonies bear witness to its action as a speedy, sure and gentle Aperient for ordinary use; it is remarkably and exceptionally uniform in its composition and free from the "Incidental to many other Hungarian Bitter Waters."

"CARLTON" WHISKEY

ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1883-84.

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS & COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON" They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the Best Cognac Brand and guaranteed be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

CARLTON RICHD MATHEWS & CO TRADE MARK WHISKEY

To R. MATHEWS & COMPANY. LABORATORY, ROYAL POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION, March 18th, 1878.

This is to certify that I have carefully Analysed a sample of the "CARLTO WHISKEY." I find it to be a very old and pure Spirit, perfectly free from Fusil Oil, or any other deleterious substance. In my opinion this Whiskey is of a very high character, Berner's College. EDWARD V. GARDNER, F.A.S., M.S.A., London. *Professor of Chemistry*

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKEYS, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere, Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

Shipper: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whiskey Merchants London.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

1898 SEASONS NOVELTIES

SUITABLE FOR PRIZES OR PRESENTS.

Finest Quality Electro Plate Cut Glass Bottles, Rs. 58.

Finest Quality Electro Plate Cut Glass, R. 28.

Plated Mounts, Oak Frame, Patent Lock, Rs. 52.

Patent Table Egg Boiler, Electro Plate, Rs. 60.

Hall Marked, Silver Mount, New Pattern, Rs. 8.

Toast Racks, in great variety, Finest Electro, Rs. 21.

Gun Metal Cigarette case. Complete in Leather Covered Case, Rs. 22.

Finest Electro Plated Butter Knife, Rs 3-8.

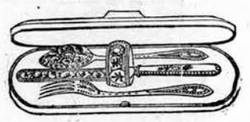
Solid Silver Mounted, Rs. 11. 7½ Inches High.

Electro Plated Crumb Brush and Tray. Finest Quality, Rs. 26, complete.

Solid Silver Fine Steel. Rs. 15.

High Grade Binoculars, will pack into Cigarcase. Achromatic Lenses, Rs. 110.

Finest Electro Plated Butter Knife, Rs. 3-8.



Knife, Fork, Spoon and Ring, complete, in case, Rs. 20.

3 Goblets and Flask. Large Size, Electro Plate, Nickel Silver, complete, in Leather Case, with sling. Rs. 70.

Biscuit Box, Fine Electro Plate, Rs. 18-8.

Leather Purse, with Ladies' Oxidized Gunmetal Watch, complete Rs. 28.

Electro Plate, Nickel Silver, ½ Pint, Rs. 12. Pint, Rs. 18. Quart, Rs. 35.

Electro Plated Egg Cruet. Gilt Bowls, Very Pretty, Rs. 18.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

DRAWING an OVERDRAFT ON THE BANK OF LIFE.

Late Hours, Fagged, Unnatural Excitement, breathing Impure Air, too rich food, Alcoholic drink, Gouty, Rheumatic, and other blood poisons, Fevers, Chills, Feverish Colds, Throat Irritation, Sleeplessness, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Skin Eruptions, want of appetite, Sourness of Stomach, &c., &c.;—Use

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

Pleasant, Soothing, Cooling, Health-giving, Refreshing, and Invigorating.

NO HOUSEHOLD OR TRAVELLERS' BAG SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

IN HOT OR FOREIGN CLIMATES ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' is INVALUABLE. It is the BEST and SIMPLEST preparation for regulating the action of the LIVER that has yet been discovered, and relieves the system of effete GOUTY, RHEUMATIC matter, the groundwork of FEVERS and other diseases, which, if retained, poisons the blood, and produces the most disastrous consequences. It allays nervous excitement, and restores the nervous system to its proper condition by NATURAL MEANS.

The effect of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' upon any DISORDERED, SLEEPLESS and FEVERISH condition is SIMPLY MARVELLOUS. It is, in fact, NATURE'S OWN REMEDY, and an UNSURPASSED ONE.

CAUTION.—See capsule marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' Without it *you have a WORTHLESS IMITATION.* Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS

Recommended by 3007 Newspapers

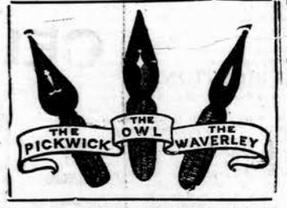
"The Waverley Pen is a Treasure." *Standard*

"The Owl Pen is par excellence the Ladies' Pen." *Court Journal.*

"The Pickwick Pen embodies an improvement of great value *Engineer*

"The Pickwick Pen is a Treasure." *Standard*

Sold by all Stationers.



They come as a boon and a blessing to men. The Pickwick, the Owl and the Waverley Pen.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON LTD., WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

Ideal Milk

Enriched 20 per cent. with Cream.

STERILIZED— NOT SWEETENED.

A Perfect Substitute for Fresh Milk.

Superior in quality to every other brand of Unsweetened Milk.

BABES

THE BEST DILUENT & DIGESTIVE OF COWS MILK IS BARLEY WATER

Made From

ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY

GOLD MEDAL, Health Exhibition, London.

Benger's Food

FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, & THE AGED.

Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

From an Eminent Surgeon:

"After a lengthened experience of Foods, both at home and in India, I consider 'Benger's Food' incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."

BENGER'S FOOD is sold in Tins by Chemists, &c., everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

An editorial in the INDIAN MEDICAL RECORD, of October 16th, 1897, says:—

"For many years in India, a large number of enterprising firms in England and Europe have been flooding the market with so-called Foods for Infants and Children. It is remarkable to note how one after another these various brands of doubtful virtue have ceased to appear. Time and the public conscience have pronounced their verdict—and to-day we find BENGER almost alone. The admirable combination of the nutritive elements is so perfectly brought about as to render their digestion a matter of pleasant facility for the weakest man or the frailest infant. To-day the medical profession of India finds it cannot do otherwise than stand by a friend who has proved his only criterion to public support, namely REAL WORTH."

BATHGATE & Co. Calcutta.

FOR DIABETES.

"G.B." FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

DIABETES

FOR RHEUMATISM. FOR GOUT. WHISKY.

Sold by all leading Merchants in India.

HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.

Post Free of the Sole Proprietors,

BACK & Co., DEVONSHIRE SQUARE,

A New Era in Cod Liver Oil Manufacture.

We are indebted to recent scientific researches for the revelation of the no less surprising than important fact, that of all the Cod Liver Oil hitherto produced not a particle has been really pure, even when claimed to be "the purest"; however pure the source, the oil *must* by the present system of manufacture always be contaminated with decomposition products of its own fats, hence the nauseating and "repeating" properties.

With full knowledge of the cause Peter Möller soon found the remedy, and having remodelled his factories in accordance with the requirements of the new discoveries, he has now adopted a new system of manufacture which, for the first time in the history of this invaluable remedy, produces *the* pure oil, very different from other oils: easy to take, easy to digest, and quite free from the tendency to create unpleasant eructations.

THIS NEW OIL IS KNOWN AS

PETER MOLLER'S HYDROXYL-FREE COD LIVER OIL.

The Lancet, June, 8th, 1895:—"It is now known that Cod Liver Oil can be prepared, not only free from objectionable taste, but also *free* from the *tendency* to cause *unpleasant eructations.*" This latter very disagreeable property has been removed by MÖLLER'S NEW PROCESS.

The Chemist and Druggist (London), May 1st, 1897:—MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.—"It would be difficult to speak too highly of this oil; the taste marks the advantage of the hydroxyl-free process, one could not tell it to be an oil. The absence of eructation we have again tested and proved."

OF ALL CHEMISTS.

Fortify the System against Disease

PURE BLOOD SECURES GOOD HEALTH.

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Estd. since 1829.

SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.

over 60 Years' WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.

"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—MEDICAL REVIEW.

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—Sir R. MARTIN.

The Late Lord CLYDE said:—"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"It cured me of Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—EARL OF ALDBOROUGH.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

INDISPENSABLE TO ALL WHO VALUE HEALTH.

WILKINSON'S (Established since 1829.) SARSAPARILLA HAS STOOD THE TEST OF TIME, AND THE VERY HIGHEST AUTHORITIES pronounce it THE BEST.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINES.

AGENTS:—TEACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited, KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

NOTICES.

The Weight of The Pyramids

seems piled upon the head of the unfortunate sufferer from a splitting headache. A headache of this kind, if unrelieved, leads to aberration of the mind and insanity. It goes beyond human power to endure.

Every sufferer from these headaches will find quick relief in

Little's Oriental Balm

It allays the pain instantly, quiets the nerves, and gives nature a chance to work the cure. It is a remedy for every emergency. It will stop pain of any kind at once. No one should be without it at hand for just such cases. It is a remedy that should have a place of honor in every household medicine chest.

Sold at 1 Re. a bottle.

To be had of all chemists and patent medicine venders in the civilized world.

Agents for Bombay.—KEMP & Co., Ld.

HAVE YOU A BAD LEG

With Wounds that discharge or otherwise, perhaps surrounded with inflammation and swollen, that when you press your finger on the inflamed part it leaves the impression? If so, under the skin you have poison that defies all the remedies you have tried, which, if not extracted, you never can recover, but go on suffering till death releases you. Perhaps your knees are swollen, the joints being ulcerated, the same with the ankles, round which the skin may be discoloured, or there may be wounds; the disease if allowed to continue will deprive you of the power to walk. You may have attended various hospitals and had medical advice and been told your case is hopeless, or advised to submit to amputation; but do not, for I can cure you. I don't say perhaps, but I will. Because others have failed, it is no reason I should. Send at once to the Drug Stores for a box of Grasshopper Ointment and Pills, which is a certain remedy for the cure of Bad Legs, Housemaid's Knee, Ulcerated Joints, Carbuncles, Poisoned Hands, and Bunions. Prepared by ALBERT, 78 Farringdon Street, London (Eng.) Purchasers should look for the Registered Trade Mark, the Grasshopper on a Green Label. (Registered Copyright.

ERADICATES SCURF & DANDRUFF

KOKO FOR THE HAIR

ENSURES MAGNIFICENT TRESSES

KOKO FOR THE HAIR

Is a tonic, cleansing, invigorating preparation, causes hair to grow LUXURIANTLY, keeps it soft and pliant, imparts to it the LUSTRE and FRESHNESS OF YOUTH, eradicates dandruff, PREVENTS HAIR FALLING, is THE MOST CLEANLY of hair preparations, PERFECTLY HARMLESS, is particularly cooling and refreshing, and SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR A HOT CLIMATE.

TESTIMONIALS.

MISS ELLEN TERRY, the great actress, writes:—"I have used 'KOKO' for years, and can assure my friends that it stops the hair from falling off, promotes its growth, keeps the head cool and free from dandruff, and is the most pleasant dressing imaginable."

WINDSOR CASTLE, May 9th, 1895. COLONEL R. J. IVEY writes: "Please send me another bottle of 'KOKO.' I can conscientiously state that 'KOKO' has quite performed all you say. I have found it most efficacious. My hair came out more than I liked; since using it scarcely any remains in my brushes. I have strongly recommended it to my friends, and certainly I shall never use any other than 'KOKO.'"

The Princesses BEATRICE, VICTORIA, and MAUD use "KOKO for the Hair" constantly, and there is not a Royal Residence in the Kingdom in which "KOKO" is not a favourite Toilet Requisite.

AUTHORITATIVE ANALYSIS.

"CHEMICAL LABORATORY, 54, Holborn Viaduct, London, January 18th, 1898. I hereby certify that I have submitted to a careful examination and chemical analysis, a sample purchased by myself from the stock of a well-known firm of wholesale druggists, of the preparation known as 'Koko for the Hair.' I have found nothing in this preparation which could be injurious either to the head or hair, and the results of the analysis lead me to pronounce 'Koko for the Hair' a pleasant dressing, which would undoubtedly be advantageous in many cases. I discovered in the preparation no ingredients of the nature of a colouring matter or dye.

"EDWY GODWIN CLAYTON, F.I.C., F.C.S., "Member of the Society of Public Analysts, &c."

Sold by all Druggists and Stores throughout India.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:

THE KOKO-MARICOPAS CO., LTD., Gray's Inn Road, London, Eng.

Do your HARNESS & BELT Repairs WITH

Thomson's Slotted Rivets.

NO need to send out your Harness, Belts, &c., that are constantly in need of repairs it means loss of time in sending and waiting when you can do the job yourself.

No hole required to be punched; simply drive Rivet as you would a tack, and clinch. Try them.

In all Iron mongers and Stores in India.

If unobtainable [illegible] from

BIFURCATED RIVET CO., Ltd. 10, Wool Exchange, London, England.

Agents Wanted.

"Stocked by H. H. VAISHY & Co., Indian Star Co-operative Society AHMEDABAD.

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for Ladies Apiol & Steel Pills

A REMEDY FOR ALL IRREGULARITIES.

Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, &c

Price 5/- post free. Obtainable from

MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON

AGENTS, TEACHER & CO., BOMBAY.

EPPS'S COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits:

DELICACY OF FLAVOR.

SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY.

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING

to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC.

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

YOUR GROCER AND STOREKEEPER SELL IT.

Sold only in ½ lb. and ¼ lb.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA.

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INVALUABLE AT ALL TIMES—WET OR SHINE.

N & C RAINCOAT

("Paramatta" Proof.

Not merely Shower Proof, but Proof against the Heaviest Rain.

LIGHT IN WEIGHT!
SMART IN APPEARANCE!
MODERATE IN PRICE!

TEST—A garden Hose turned on to simulate a heavy shower of rain may be played on the cloth for an hour or more without penetrating it.

DURABILITY—The Rain-proof quality is permanent, and will last as long as the garment lasts.

HEALTHINESS—Perspiration will not condense on the inside, as so frequently occurs in opaque Waterproof Garments, and which is a prolific source of Chills, Rheumatism, &c.

HOT CLIMATES—Heat improves the rainproof quality

To be obtained through all leading Storekeepers, &c., either as coats ready-made, or the material in the piece.

Patterns, prices, and designs on application.

NICHOLSON & Co., Cheetham, Manchester; and at 21, Golden Square, London, W.

Insist on N & C "Paramatta" Proof—the Original—and avoid spurious imitations which lead to disappointment.

SKEEVIT

THIS is a pleasantly perfumed preparation which prevents the bites of Mosquitos, Ticks and other venomous insects.

It also cures prickly heat.

In Glass bottles suitable for pocket at 1/- and in 2 oz. Stoppered bottles at 2/- and 5 oz. 4/6.

Prepared by H. C. Stephens, Aldersgate St., London.
Also Manufacturer of Stephens Inks.

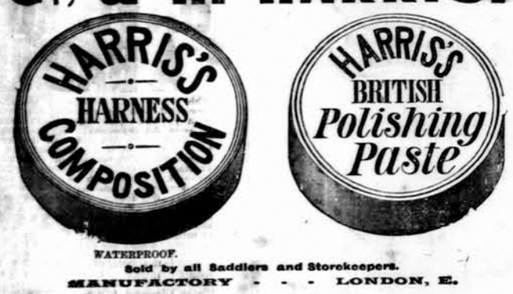
FELICE CORNAGLIA,
83, MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

SPECIALITIES in Wedding Cakes, Xmas Cakes English and Italian Pastries, French Sweets, Chocolates, and all kinds of delicacies.

Continental Stores and Groceries received fortnightly, and guaranteed the best, imported to this Country.

FELICE CORNAGLIA,
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS,
BOMBAY.

S., & H. HARRIS.



WATERPROOF.
Sold by all Saddlers and Storekeepers.
MANUFACTORY - - - LONDON, E.

STILL INCREASING

Are the sales of Liebig Company's Extract, and likely to increase more than ever as cooks learn that dainty nourishing gravies and entrees can be so much more easily and economically prepared by its use, than when all the Stock had to be made in the kitchen. For handiness, flavour and wholesomeness, there is nothing to equal the original

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT

Supplied to
The War Office; The Bengal Commissariat;
The India and Colonial Offices; The Malakand Field Force; and
All recent British Expeditions.

Scientific Board—
Sir Henry E. Roscoe, F.R.S., D.C.L.
Dr. Max von Pettenkofer.
Dr. Carl von Voit.

Note this Signature in BLUE on every Jar.
J. Liebig
AVOID INFERIOR SUBSTITUTES.

THE ONLY RELIABLE DISINFECTANTS
ARE
CALVERT'S No. 5 FLUID CARBOLIC,

In 8 and 16 oz. Ribbed Bottles at 1/- and 1/6 each; also ½, ¼ and 1 gallon Tins, at 2/6, 4/- and 6/6.

The quality adopted as Standard Disinfectant by the British Government after bacteriological tests: and

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC POWDER,

In 6d., 1/- & 1/6 Dredgers; 7 & 14 lb. Tins (to refill Dredgers), 2/6 & 4/- each.

Guaranteed to contain 15 per cent of CALVERT'S No. 5 CARBOLIC (the Strongest Disinfectant known), and lightly sprinkled through a dredger it is the cheapest and most effective preparation.

WILL NOT CLOG PIPES OR DRAINS.

Can be obtained at Chemists, Storekeepers, &c., but be sure that you get "Calvert's," and refuse imitations.

F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, England.
Awarded 80 Gold and Silver Medals and Diplomas.

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries

REGISTERED **DR LALOR'S** TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For thirty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and **only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for** BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon.

Thousands of unimpeachable **testimonials** from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation **has received such** distinguished recognition.

HEALTH. STRENGTH. & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at **4s. 6d.** and **11s.** each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY,
HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENGLAND.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty-eight Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, whose it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. C. C. CROFT,
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